JOURNAL

OF THE

ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL.

Part I.-HISTORY, LITERATURE, &c.

No. II.-1889.

Life of Sum-pa Khan-po, also styled Yeses-Dpal-hbyor, the author of the Rehumig (Chronological Table.)—By Babú Sarat Chandra Dás, C. I. E.

This great Lama was born in the year 1702 A. D. (Tree-monkey of the 12th cycle of 60 years) at a place in the neighbourhood of the Dgon-luñ monastery of Amdo in ulterior Tibet. He is better known by his family name of Sum-pa, which means one from the country of Sum, a province in Western Tibet. In his infancy he is said to have given indications of his identifying himself with the spirit of his predecessor. While very young he learnt to read and write with extraordinary facility. He became well known by the name of Sumpa-Shabs-drun. He was admitted into the monastery of Dgon-lun in the 9th year of his age. He received instruction in the sacred literature of the Buddhists under Lchan skya Rinpo-chhe Nag-Dvan chhos ldan) and Thu Kwan chhos kyirgya-mtsho and other great Lamas. From Lchan-skya he received the vows of monkhood. who gave him the name Yeses Dpal hbyor. He studied metaphysics, logic, rhetoric, poetry, Buddhist liturgy, ritual, and the dogmatical and theoretical differences of the various Buddhist schools. He also learnt arithmetic, medicine, the science of vocal music, the works on Sútras and Tantras, and the art of sacred painting. With the acquisition of all this learning he was occupied till the twentieth year of his age. In addition to acquiring all the virtues and talents of his predecessor, he gained the highest proficiency in astronomy, astrology and the science

His fame of learning surpassed that of all other Lamas of his age in Tibet, China, and Mongolia. In the twentieth year of his age he visited Tibet proper, and took his admission as a student in the monastery of Hbras-sPúñ (Dapúñ). In the year 1725 he visited Gtsan, where he took the final vows of monkhood from Panchhen Blolssan Yeses. In the 22nd year of his age he went on a pilgrimage to Lhokha with a view to visit Sam-yea, and the famous sanctuaries of Yarlun, where he was very much pleased with an interview with Rgya Isras Rinpochhe (Nag Dvan Hjigs med). Rgyal-sras is said to have explained to him in a prophetic manner what he was destined to achieve and how he should proceed to Amdo, for the purpose of founding monasteries and temples there, and also for diffusing Buddhism in China. In his 23rd year he was appointed MKhanpo (abbot) of Sgo Man in Hbras spun. In the following year, when a dispute arose between the two provinces Dyus and Gtsan, he persistently declined to allow the monks of his college to take up arms against their enemies, as it was an act prohibited by the laws of Buddhism. The monks of other colleges followed his example and desisted from fighting. He filled the chair of Sgo-man for a period of five years, after which he returned to Amdo. In the 30th year of his age, in pursuance of the prediction of Rgyal-sras, he founded the monastery of Bshad Sgrub-glin with about eighty monks. He brought the recluse hermitage of Bsam. gtan-glin ri-khrod with fifteen monks, which was founded by Dpal lDan hod sser, under his own monastery, and afterwards called it by the name of Sum-pa rikrod. At the age of thirty-four, at the command of the emperor Chbin-lun (divine protector), and in the 2nd year of his reign, he visited China. Both Lchan skya Rol-pahi rDorje and he were presented to the emperor, who asked them many questions on religious matters. Sumpa Khanpo is said to have answered all of them without any difficulty whatever. Pleased with him the emperor commanded that he be appointed the spiritual guide of all the chiefs of Mongolia, and he also conferred on him a high sacerdotal rank by letters patent, and authorized him to bear the title of Huthogtu (saint). The Lama respectfully accepted all the imperial favours, with the exception of the title of Huthogtu which honour he respectfully declined, according to him it being intended for those who aspired to worldly glory. The emperor was struck with the Lama's indifference to such a high honour, and remarked that within his vast empire he did not know one who like him could look with indifference at such an exalted distinction. Henceforth he rose high in the esteem of the emperor and was declared to be a real Lama. He resided in China for nine years. emperor occasionally used to call him to his presence. The Lchan skya, who presided at the head of Labrang (church), commanded that all

the Tibetan books on Buddhism extant in China should be revised by Sumpa, which he did to the great satisfaction of all. He therefore gave him the clerical title of Ertené (precious) Pandita. He presented him with a diploma inscribed on a yellow scarf. Once on every month the emperor used to give him audience and converse with him on religious matters for several hours. He resided for five years in Peking, during which time he enjoyed the esteem and the veneration of the Manchu and the Mongol residents and the pilgrims of Peking. At the time of his return to Amdo, which he performed via Dolonor and Khar shonpo he received considerable presents from the emperor, Lchan-skya and the great Wangs (chiefs) of China and Mongolia. At Rivo-rtse lna (Woo-thai) he stayed one year in order to perform religious worship in the great sanctuary of Manju Ghosha. In his northward journey he visited Alaksha, receiving immense presents from the Mongols, whence he proceeded to Dgon-lun. Being indifferent to worldly comforts, he did not like much ostentation, and consequently kept few retainers and servants. In the 43rd year of his age he was appointed to the headship of Dgon-luñ monastery. Out of the immense wealth he had acquired in China and Mongolia he used to send large presents to the Panchhen and Dalai Lamas, to the great monasteries of Sera, Hbras-spun, Dgah Idan, Bkra sis lhunpo, &c. He also set up innumerable Buddhist images, inscriptions and chhortens &c. His works are voluminous and many. Being dissatisfied with the existing works on astronomy, astrology and chronology of Tibet, he wrote a dissertation on them after collating 20 works by different authors. He found the works of Mkhas-grub rje and Bu-ston to be more correct than others. He died at the age of 73. The following are his principal works:

Kun-gsal melon (on arithmetic, astronomy and astrology) a large volume written in very small characters.

Bdud rtsi thig-pa (drops of nectar) on medicine.

Lag-len (practice) of medicine, &c.

Sel-dkar meloñ (crystal mirror) on diagnosis.

Gso-dpyad.

Sku-gsrun thug-rtan dkyil thig tshad (structure, proportion and form of images, diagrams, symbols, &c.).

Sgra, Sñan-nag and sslos gar (rhetoric and poetry and drama).

Rgya-Bod and Hor Chhos hbyun (Ljon-bssan), i. e. the history of Buddhism (rise and progress of Buddhism) in India, China and Tibet. This work was completed in the year 1747 A. D., and also contains the "Rehumig (chronological table).

A work on Buddhist charms to enable men to work miracles.

Hdsamglin Spyi báad (general account of the world) on the geography of the world.

A work on Yoga.

A work on fortune telling and divination.

A work on meditation.

REHUMIG.*

(Translation.)

CYCLE+-I

A. D. 1026.

The twelfth Kulika emperor, called Súrya, ascended the throne of Sambhala. Dge bses Potova Rinchhen gsal was born. Gyi-jo Lo-cháva translated the Kála-chakra system of astronomy for introducing it into Tibet. The year of the Buddha's Nirvana being fixed in the year called Fire-hare, this year (1026) was the 361st year of the period of Adhi-drishti. According to the calculation of those who place the Buddha's death in the year Iron-dragon, this was the 408th year of Adhi- A. D. drishti. 1026 According to some writers the work, called Dus-hkhor hgrel-chhen, was translated in Tibet by Gyi-jo Lochàva in the vear 1027 Se-ston Kun-rigs, the spiritual teacher of Ma-chig Sha-ma lcham Srin and pupil of hBrog-mi Lo-cháva, was born. 1028 Phu chhuñ-va qshon-rgyan was born. 1030 Rinchhen sñin-po of Stod lun, the pupil of Spyan-sna-va was born. 1031 Spyan Sna-tshul khrims hbar was born. 1032 Hkhon Dkon-mchhog rgyal-po of Sa-skya was born. 1033 La-chhen (bLama Chhenpo) DGongs-pa rab gsal proceeded to the mansion of purity (died). 1034 Rông Chhos-rDorje, the disciple of Marpa, was born. 1035 Jovo rje Dpal Idan Atisa arrived at MÑah rigs. 1038 Rje-btsun Milaras-pa was born. Bari Lo-cháva Rinchhengrags was born. The Shalu monastery was founded. Pan-chhen died. 1039 Ye-ses hbar of Snehu ssur, the eldest son of Dgonpa-pa was born. Mînar sgom brtson hgrus hbar of Smyug rum, who was the pupil of Spyan sna-pa, was born. Atisa visited great Tibet (according to some) in the 61st year of his age. 1041

- * The italics in the proper nouns are not pronounced.
- † The Vrihaspati Cycle of 60 years was introduced into Tibet by the Indian Pandit Chandra Nátha in the year 1025 A. D.

The monastery of Myu-gu lu $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ was founded by H brogmi Lo-	A. D.
châva	1042
Machig Sha-ma's husband was born. Rma-Lo-cháva Chhos	
hbar of La-stod was born. HBrom met Atísa in the 41st year	
of his age.	1043
Hbrin Ston of Rgyal was born. Ssla-va grags-pa, the son	
of Lche dal sganpa, was born.	
Chhag-khri mchhog met Atísa.	1044
Rgya-hdul hdsin dwan phyug tshul-khrims hbar was born.	
Atisa miraculously witnessed the religious service performed by	
Maitreya (Byams-pa) and Manjuśri (Hjam-dwyańs) at sNe-thań.	1046
Mu-dra-va founded the monastery of E-dgon.	1048
Gñal chhos hbar was born. Hbrom made his first pre-	
sents to Atisa.	1049
Atisa wrote his work on the Buddhist chronology.	1050
Machig Lab sgron of Kham-pa Lun was born. Machig yumo	1.00
became the pupil of Sba-sgom ye-byañ and others of the later	
Rñin-ma school. Dharma Bodhi was born.	1051
Knin-ma school. Dharma bouili was born.	1052
Sdin-po snubs Chhos-hbar was born.	1002
Rdorje Senge of Glan-ri than (Potova's disciple) was born.	
Lama g shen, the pupil of Ronssom Locháva Chhos- b ssan,	1050
was born.	1053
Atisa died at the age of 73.	
Pá-tsha-va Locháva called Nima Grags-pa was born. Rma-	
sgom chhos gées of the Shi-byed school was born. Shin ston	
chhos hbar was born. The celebrated Machig Lab-Sgron was	
born. Rinchhen bssanpo the great Locháva died.	1054
Trepo mchhogs, the spiritual teacher and Mkhanpo of Rnog	
legs, was born.	1055
Sher-hod of Shang Kama was born. The monastery of	
Rva sgre $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ was founded by H brom ston-pa.	1056
Chhag-khri-mchhog, one of the disciples of Atísa, died.	1057
Rînog Blo-ldan ses-rab was born. Dol bu ser-rgya-ma	
was born. Rog-dmar-shur was born.	1058
Rma-bya Rna-ra-va of rG yal was born. Sna-nam r dor	
dwan of Shan died.	1059
Machig receives spiritual instruction from A-ston.	1060
Skhor-chhun of Phyag chhen school was born. Ma-chig	
Shama, the pupil of Se-ston Kun-rigs, was born. So-chhuâ Dge-	
hdun hbar of the Shi-byed school was born. Kun-dgah, the	
second of the Shi-byed school, was born.	1061
Se-mkhar-chhunpa (of Lam-hbras-pa) held the monastery of	

	A. D.
Rnal-hbyor Ame held the headship of Rwa-Sgren.	1064
Rgy-agar Phyag-na visited the Ye-ran monastery in Nepal.	1065
Padma byan-chhub of Sa-po sgan, the pupil of Phu-	
chhuñ-pa, was born. Byañ-chhub yeses of Rgyal-tsha was born.	
H Jam- D pa l and S kyi khu \hat{n} -pa H ab-jo, the two dis-	
ciples of the Grub thob Yumo, were born. Hdsad Dharma met	
Pha-dampa Sans rgyas. Lche-Sgom Nan-pa unearthed the	
concealed scriptural treasures of Lche-b tsun, the Rnin-ma	
Lama.	1066
Chhos kyi Rgyal-po of Hkhon-phu, the brother of Machig	
Sama, was born.	1068
Sarava Yontan Grags, the disciple of Potova, was born.	1069
Hkhon founded the grand monastery of Sa-skya, and	
Rnog legs ses founded the monastery of G san-phu. R ma-	
Chhos ses met Pha-dampa.	1072
Sgro-phug-pa, the pupil of Ssur-chhun and disciple of	10.2
Dkah-bshi, was born. Hbrog-mi Locháva died. Ser-grags,	
the Rhin-ma Lama of Ssur-chhun, died.	1073
Sprul-sku Gshon-hod of Bya-yul, the disciple of Spyan-	1070
sina, was born. Ses-rab $Brtson$ of Khu was born. $Brtson$ $gyu\hat{n}$	
Khu-chhen died.	1074
	1074
The great religious institution of king Mîah bdag rtse sde was founded. Edog Locháva visited Kaśmír.	1075
	1075
Gtsan-pa Rin-po chhe, the disciple of Bya-yul-pa, was born.	
Nam kha rdorje was born Pá-tshab sgompa, the disciple of	
Kun dgah of the Shi byed school was born. Milaraspa pro-	1050
beeded to study under Marpa Locháva.	1076
Hbrom-ston of Rgyal was born. Sgro-chhos brtson, the	
pupil of Sgom of the Shi-byed-pa school, was born.	
After the death of Ames, Mdsod dgon-pa became the abbot	
of Rva-sgren.	1077
Blo-gros grags Lha-rje sgampopa of Dwag-po was born.	1078
Rgya-hdul hdsin practised the ascetic vows of vinaya at	
the monastery of Dgah-va-gdon.	1079
The foundation of the monastery of Gra-than was laid by	
Gra-pa môon ses chan (a certain monk who was possessed of	
foreknowledge).	1080
Potova Rinchhen gsal died, after discharging the functions	
of abbot at the religious seat of Rwa-sgren for one year or	• • • •
(according to some) three years. Mdsod dgon-pa died.	1081
Henceforth for many years there prevailed a religious	
anarchy at Ry-sgreñ.	1082

Byan chhub dge-mdses, the pupil of Sne-hu ssur-pa, was	
born. Ras chhuñ rdor grags, the pupil of Milaras-pa, was	
born at Gun than. Milaras-pa performed asceticism to attain	A . D .
sainthood.	1083
Sami sgom-pa Smon lam hbar, the pupil of So-chhun-pa,	
was born.	1084
477.02 70	
CYCLE—II.	
Sarava attended on Potova as his pupil.	1086
Ma Locháva Chhos-hbar died of poison.	1088
Dgyer Sgom chhenpo Gshon-grags, the pupil of Bya-Yul,	
was born. Rnog-mdo-sde, the spiritual son of Rnog Chhos-	
rdor, was born. Tshul-hphags-dan lapa, the Buddhist scholar,	
was born. Rog ses-rab blama, the spiritual successor of Rgyal-	
wa rten-nas, was born. Gra-pa mnon ses-rab chan died.	1089
Brtson hgrus hbar, known as Bya-hdul-va hdsin-pa (the	
Vinayic priest of Bya), was born.	1090
Sa-chhen Kun sũin, the son of Sa-skya Dkon rgyal, recog-	
nised as the 9th spiritual emanation of Chanrassig, was born.	
The saint Pha-dampa visited Tibet. Rûog Lo-cháva returned	
to Tibet.	1091
The Glan-than monastery was founded by Glan-ri-than-pa.	
Milaraspa, after the completion of his ascetical propitiations	
(attainment of sainthood), proceeded towards Tesi &c.	1092
Nin phug-pa Chhos grags, the saint of Shan who was the	
pupil of Byañ-sems Ssla rgyan, was born.	
The Rñin Lama, called Rgya-nag-pa (the Chinese), was born.	
Ras-chhuñ-pa met Milaras-pa.	1093
The monastery of Lodgon was founded.	1094
Tshul-khrims dpal, the red cap Lama, was born.	1095
Bkra sis rdorje of Shan Ston, a Rnin-ma Lama, was born.	
Marpa Chhos blo was born.	1096
Hod sser sen-ge, the disciple of Bya-yul-pa, was born. Dva	
gs-po Chhos gyun, the chief spiritual son of Sgampo, was born.	1099
Ye-rdor of Hchhad kha, the disciple of Sarava, was born.	
Pha-dampa visited China.	1100
On the demise of Hkhon-ston Dkon-mChhog rgyal-po,	
Bari Locháva ascended the throne of Sa-skya.	
On the death of Glan-tshul byan, Hbrin ston succeeded to	
the headship of RGyal (became abbot of Rgyal).	
Rông Chhos rdor died.	1101
Stab ka-va Darma grags, the disciple of Sarava, was born.	

Khyun tshan Thod-dmar-va was born. Stod lun-pa founded the monastery of Btson-gro dGonpa. Spyan sna tshul hbar died	
at Shug-rûm. Sgrol Sgom, the pupil of Sgampo, was born.	1102
Sgam-po-va received the final vows of monkhood.	1102
Potova rinchhen gsal died.	1103
Gtum-ston Blo gros grags, the pupil of Sarava, was born.	1103
Phu-Chhûñ-va died at the monastery of Poto dgon.	1105
Sten-pa Lo chava who brought the Kasmirian Pandit Al-	1100
anka Deva was born.	1106
Chhos-sen of Phya-pa was born. After the death of Rnog	
Locháva Shan-Tshe srin Chhos kyi blama held the headship of	
Gsan-phu for thirty-two years. A succession of twelve lamas	
occupied a period of 159 years. Snug-rum-pa chhenpo died.	1108
Rdorje rgysl-po (Phagmo-grub-pa) was born. Karma dus	
gsum mkhyanpa was born. Sgampo served Milaras-pa as his	
pupil.	1109
Kun-snin ascended the throne of Sa-skya. The Gva-gor-	
dgon-pa was founded by G nal Chhos h bar.	1110
At Chhu-bar Milaras-pa triumphed over a troop of demons.	
Sgampo performed ascetic propitiations at H ol kha. G ñal	
Chhos hbar died.	1111
The final visit of Pha-dampa to Tibet. The incarnations	
of Las chhen Kun-rgyal, &c., founded monasteries in Bya-yul.	1112
Khyun tshan yeses blama, the disciple of Ras chhun, was	
born. Jo-tshul Ses, the spiritual son of Rnog mdo-sde, was	
born. Kham lunpa Chhenpo, the pupil of Hgrom, died.	1114
Sgompa tshul Khrims of Dvag-po was born Rgyal-va	
ye-grags dmar-va was born. Stod Lunpa Chhenpo died. Se-	
ston Kun rigs died.	1116
HChhus dar brtson, the disciple of Sgro (of the Shi byed	
school), was born. Some of the Gter-ston of the Snin ma sect	1117
discovered hidden books. Pha dampa died. Ma Khro-phu Rgyal-tsha, the disciple of Panchhen Sákya	1117
śri, Rôog-mdo-sde and Phag-gru, &c., was born. Yeses hbar of	
Snehu Ssur died.	1118
D_{gyer} sgom founded the monastery of $R_{\text{gya-ma}}$ Rin-chhen	1110
sgen-rnin.	
Hbriñ-ston died. Skam ye-rgyan of the Shi-byed school	
died.	1119
Thog-med grags, the spiritual son of Rnog mdo-sde, was	
born. Rma Rna-ra-va became the abbot of Rgyal. The	
and of Comédhi commonand	1100

Chhos rgyan of Se-skyilbu, the disciple of Hchhad ká, was	
born.	
The monastery of Sgampoi dgonpa was founded by Dvags	
po Lha-rJe.	1120
Thogs med Hod of Rnog was born. Brtson-grags of Shan	
was born. When Skor-chhuñ died, his body received animation.	
The resurrection was due to the Indian saint Nirupa having	
entered it in a miraculous manner.	1121
Ssla-hod, the spiritual son of H khon-phu-pa, was born.	
Gyubrag pa was born. Gshon-brtson of Glan-lun, the pupil of	
Bya-yu l Locháva, was born. R je Milaras chhen died.	
R do-rje se $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ ge of G la $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ tha $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ died.	1122
Jo Hbum, the father of Rta-ston Jo-ye and Jo-bsod of the	
Rîin-ma school, was born The later Kun-dgah of the Shi-byed	
school died.	1123
Karma dus mkhyen was admited into the order of monk-	
hood by Tre-po mchhog blama. Achârya Abhayakara died.	1142
Mal Kapa chan, the disciple of Sama, was born. Lche-	
ston yon-tan gssuns of Se-brag was born.	1125
The Kasmírian Pandit Sákya Srí was born.	
Hjig-rten Grags-pa Rgya-va rten, who became the dis-	
ciple of Pá-tshab sgom-pa of the Shi-byed school, was born.	
Hod hjo gshon-nu yontan was born.	
The 13th Rigs-Idan (Kulika), called Sna-tshogs gssugs	
(Viśva-rúpa), a cended the throne of Sambhala.	1126
Dge-bées glan of Rgyal was born. Padma-rdorje Ras-pa	
(he with locks) of the Hbrug-pa school, was born.	
Karma dus mkhyen visited Dvus. So-chhun dge hbar died.	1127
Sbal-te Dgra behom-pa, the saint of Balti, was born. Jo	
hod gchun, also called Rnog jo va-son, was born. Rma Narava	1100
died. Ses rab Byañ-chhub, also called Dvags po Sgom-Chhuñ,	1128
of Dvags-po was born.	
Rgyal tsha Byan yeses became abbot of Rgyal gdansa.	
Snubs chhos hbar died.	1100
Karmapa Ses-rab hod of Shan died. Rgya-hdul hdsin-pa	1129
died. Sa-vo-sgan-pa died. Ses rab rgyam of Dol died.	1190
The red cap Lama Tshul khrims hbar died.	1130 1131
Nam-mkhah hod of the red cap school, who was the re-embo-	1191
diment of Shva rmar Tshul dpal, was born.	
Dus mkhyen received the final vows of monkhood from	
Mal hdul hdsin.	1132
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S. C. Dás-Life of Sum-pa Khan-po.	[No. 2,
Sgampo hdul hdsin was born. Sgro-phugpa died. Mnah bdag Nanral, king of Tibet (recognised as the 11th	1133 1
incarnation of Chanrassig), was born. Hod sser Senge founded the monastery of Khrom Kam	1134
dgonpa at Khrom Gsher. Sans rgyas dpon-pa, the younger brother of Rgyama dgyersgom, was born. Shon-hbyun was born. Rog bkra grags, the spiritual son of Rog S'es-rab blama, was born. Gshon-hod on	1136 r e
Bya-yul died.	1137
Dus M khyen visited S gampo at Dvagpo. Khyu \hat{n} -po died	
Rgyal-tshab Byan yeses died.	1138
H brom ston of R_{gyal} became abbot of R_{gyal} gdansa.	1139
Sarava yontan grags died.	1140
Bsod nams rtse-mo, the spiritual son of Sa-skya Kun-sûin	4,
was born.	-
Bkraśis d pa l of Thań-pa chhenpo in S tag-luń was born. H jig- r ten g sum m gon Rin b ssań the governor of Hbri-goń was born. After the death of H brom-ston of R gya l , the abbot	
ship of Gdansa remained vacant for nine years. Ar spent hi summer recess at Gdansa. Khu-ser brtson died. Dgyer sgom tshul sen, the disciple of Mal Ka-va chan and Phag-gru, was born.	s 1142
Gsan ston spyipa chaspa, one of the Pan chhen of Sa-skya	ba.
was born.	1143
Hkhonphu-pa, the brother of Ma chig Sama, died. R nog jo b sod died.	1144
Rgyal Chharmo, the spiritual son of Rhog thog med, wa	.8
born. Rînogjo Hod died.	1145
CYCLE III.	
Rje- b tsun Grags-pa r gya l - m tshan, the spiritual son of Sa	,-
chhen, was born. Kun-ldan Ras Chhun, the younger brother of Khro-ph	1146 u
rgyal-tsha, was born.	
Rîin-ma Rgya-nag-pa, the disciple of Sgro-phug Rîin-m	8.
Lama, died.	1147
Shig-pa bdud rtsi, the disciple of Rñin ma Se-brag, wa	ıs
born. Machig Sama died.	1148
Rog Ses-rab blama, the religious and ministerial successor	r
of Rgyal-va-rten-na, was born.	
Dvagpo sgom-tshul held the abbotship of Sgampo. Dpa	
chhen Hodpo chhe, the son of Sa-chhen, was horn	1149

Phagmo grub-pa interviewed Rje-Sgampo-va.	1150
Rdor-sen, the younger brother of Rnog Chharmo, was born.	1127
Sgro chhos brtson died.	1151
Chhag Locháva, also called Dgra-bchom Rtehu rava, the	
disciple of Sten-pa Locháva, was born.	
Gro-bdud-rtsi grags of Snarthan was born. Gtum-ston	
founded the monastery of sNar than. Dag-pa ses tsul Pha-	
gs-paof Nan lam became abbot of Rgyal gdansa.	
Dvagspo Sgampo-va died.	1152
R dorje tshu l khrims of H bri go $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ was born. Dvags-po S gom-	
t shu l founded the monastery of M tshur-lha lu $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ at S to d -lu $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$.	1153
Dus mkhan pa founded the Karmapa monastery of Gshu	
mtshur Lha lun at Gshuhi gru bshi Lha lun.	1154
Thogs med grags of R nog died.	1155
Kun dgah rdorje, the spiritual son of Rnog jo-tshul, was	
born.	1156
Dvan-phyug byan rin of Lha lun, who was the disciple of	
Se-spyil-pa, was born. Bssan mo, the spiritual son of Sans rgyas	
dpon ston, was born.	
Ñin hbum, the son of Rnin-ma shan-ston, was born. Pá-	
tshab sgompa died. Sa-chhen Kun-sñin died. Rnog jo-tshul	
died. Phag gru-pa founded the monastery of Gdansa mthil.	1157
Bsod nams rtse mo became the grand hierarch of Sa-skya.	
Dge-bses Nanlampa died. Dus mkyen founded the monastery	
of Mtshur-phu.	1158
Sans-rgyas sgompa rdor gshon of Bya-yul was born. Dge-	
bšes lchań rib was born.	
Rma Locháva and Yan dnenpa, the immanations of Machig	
Sama, were born.	1159
Yeses rdorje (also called gtsan-pa Rgya ras pa), the dis-	
ciple of Hbrug-pa glin raspa, was born. Gtsan rinpochhe Nam	
rdorje died. Ras-chhunpa died.	1160
Chhingis Khán, the conqueror, who turned the wheel of	1100
might, was born.	1161
Skor Nirúpa tava died.	1162
Rta ston jo yeśes, the Rñiñ ma Lama, was born.	1102
Gños Rgyal-va lha nanva Sans rin, the disciple of Skyob-pa,	
was born.	
Dus mkhyen founded the monastery of lower Kam-po gnas	
nan. The monastery of Hchhad-ka gsarma was founded by Se-	
skyil-pa. Khyun-tshan Thod dmar became abbot of Rgyal-	3.00
gdansa. Hab jo Sras, the disciple of Yumo, died.	1163

Bya-hchhan-kha-pa founded the monastery of Malgro Bya-	
hchhan kha. The two Glinras-pa of Staglun interviewed Phag-	
gru.	
Ser-hod, the son of Rog bkra-grags, was born.	1164
Gtum-ston died at Chhos-lun. Rdor-ston. Ser grags be-	
came abbot of SNarthan.	
Rnog mdo-sde died. Ser hod, the spiritual son of Rog-bkra	
Grags, was born.	1165
Mîahri dge-mdsas died. Shan ston bkra rdor, the Rnin-	
ma lama, died. The abbot of Hbri-gon became the disciple of	
Phag-gru.	1166
Jo-bsod of Dvus, who was the younger brother of Rta-ston-	
jo-ye (Rîin-ma Lama), was born.	
Hdsed Dharmabodhi died.	1167
Gyam bssan Chhos smon lam, the disciple of Ssva-ra-va	
Skal-ye, the son of Phag-gru, was born.	
The Kashmirian Pandit Sakya Sri took the final vows of	
monkhood. The monastery of Hdod span phug was founded	
by Dus-mkhyen. The monastery of Skyor lun was founded by	
Spal-te. Dvagspo sgom-tshul died, after which the abbotship	
remained vacant for two years. Phyá-pa Chhos sen died.	1168
Bsod rdor of Sbom-brag, the disciple of Karma sans rgyas	
Ras-chhen, was born.	
Rgyal died at Phag-gru, and the abbotship of Sdan-sa re-	
mained vacant for six years.	
Khrom g ser died at Kam kam.	1169
Rin-chhen Sesrab, the younger brother of Rog Serab	
hod, was born.	
Sami smon lam h bar died.	1170
$\operatorname{Grag} srgy$ an-pa ascended the throne of the Sa-skya hierarchy.	
Ser byan was appointed to the abbotship left vacant by Sgampo.	1171
Khro-phu Lo-cháva Tshul-ses byams dpal, who was a	
nephew of the Khro-phu Rgyal tsha brothers, was born. Rog	
S'esrab lama died.	1172
Darma grags pa of Stabs-ka died. Jo-h bum , the R $\mathrm{\hat{n}i\hat{n}ma}$	
lama, died.	1173
Rinchhen Hod, the disciple of Phag-gru, was born. The	
monastery of Tshal was founded. Bya-hchhad kapa died.	1174
Chhos r je S gañ-pa was born. Khyuñ tshañ yes'es Lama	
died.	1175
DPon ras dar sen of the middle Hbrug school was born.	
The Skyob-pa (hierarch) of Hbri-gon received the final vows of	

monkhood. Shan Lo-chava grub-dpal died. Dvags-po Chhos	
gyun died.	1176
Sans rgyas sgompa of Snarthan was born. Ye-grags dmar	
became the abbot of Rgyal-gdan sa.	1178
Gshon rdor of Mgar dampa Chhos sdin, the disciple of Sky-	
ob-pa, was born. Hoom dgon Sesrab dpal, the disciple of Stag	
lun-pa, was born. The monastery of Stag lun dgon was found-	
ed by Lama Stag lun-than-pa.	1179
Sa-skya Panchhen, the son of Dpal-hod sros, was born.	
Bsod rgyan of Ko-brag was born.	
The monastery of R gyama Rin s ga \hat{n} was rebuilt by Sans	
rgyas dvon-ston.	1180
Rsod nams r tshe of Sa-skya died. Lha- b tsun ssla H od of	
Hkhon-phu died.	
Rnog Chharmo died.	1181
Ssans tsha bsod rgyan, the younger brother of Sa-skya Pan-	
chhen Kun dgah rgyal-mtshan, was born.	1183
The monastery of Karma lha sden was founded by Dus	
mkhyen-ps.	
Rdo ston ser grags died at Snarthan and was succeeded by	
Shan btsum rdor hod who was born in the year iron-horse.	1184
The venerable Hgro-vahi mgonpo dvan phyug Hod Lha-	
lun dpon sras was born.	
Grags rgyal, of Kharagpa, who was the spiritual son of	
Rgod-tshañ the Hbrug-pa Lama and disciple of Bhuriba, was	
born. Ñiñ phug-pa died. Rog Bkra śis grags died.	1185
Dvon Ser hbyun, the disciple of Skyob-pa, was born.	
Bloras dvan brtson of lower Hbrug, who was the disciple of	
Glsañ rgyara, was born. The monastery of Tshal guñ thañ was	
founded by Lama Shan brtson grags. The image Lhachhen	
was constructed. Rgyal-va yeses died at Grags dmar.	1186
Hbrug-pa glin ras pa Padma-dorje was born.	1187
Bsam glin-pa, the disciple of Gan-ba and spiritual son of	
Karma dus mkhyen, was born.	
Rgos tshan mgon-po rdorje of upper Hbrug, who became	
the disciple of Rgya ras, was born.	
Dge-bsos Glan rgyal became the head of Gdan-sa (chief	
seat of the hierarchy).	
The monastery of Mtshur-phu was founded by Dus	
mkhyen-pa.	
Hor Chhin-gis became king of the Mongols. Se-spyil len-pa died.	1100
ron-he arar.	- 1188

The king of upper Mo-rtse Rgyal-po presented the Lord	
Buddha's image with a golden crown.	
H chha d -ka monastery was governed by Lhalu \hat{n} d va \hat{n}	
phyug of Se-spyil.	
King Chhingis conquered Man-churia. Steft-ba Lo-cháva	
(Tshul-khrim h hyu \hat{n} g na s) died.	1189
Ssim rinpochhe of Bya-yul (Sans-rgyas Ston-pa grags) was	
born. Rin mgon sku yal-va of Stag lun dvon kar was born.	
Glan died and was succeeded by Dge-bses dri-hdul at Rgyal	
Gdansa.	1190
King Chhin-gis conquered Solon country. Mchhus dar	
brtson died.	1191
Skysa-ston byan rin pochhe held the abbotship of Rgyab-	
gdansa. Lama shan died at Gun than. Karma Dus gsum	
mkhyen-pa died. Gshon-un brtson hgrus of Glan-lun died.	
Dvus-pa died.	1192
Henceforth Chhin gis became emperor of China. Snas-	
than Shan btsun-died and was succeeded by Groms chhe-be	
who was born in the year water-bird.	1193
Bya-skyuñ-pa (mdo-sde mgon of Phorog), who was kobrag-	
pas disciple, was born. Khro-Lo-chava visited Nepal. Chhin	
gis conquered Tartary. Khro-phu rgyal-tsha died. Yon-tan	
gssa $\hat{n}s$ ($R\hat{n}i\hat{n}ma$ Lama) died.	1194
Jo hbar, the son of Nima-hbum (Rnin-ma Lama), was	
born Chingis subdued the Danmag.	1195
The latter Chhos r je d pal Chhag was born.	1196
Skyob-pa and Stag lin-ba built temples at Phag-gru.	
Khro Lo-chava invited Mitrapa to Tibet who after a staying	
there for 18 months returned to India. Chhin-gis conquered	
Kheran. Jobsod (Rnin-ma Lama) died.	1197
Dvags-po grol-sgom died. Shva-dmar nam hod died.	
Rhin-ma-pa Shig-po died.	1198
Sgam-po sni sgam-chhen-po was born. Bkra-Grags, the	
re-embodiment of the red-cap Lama called Nam-hod who was	
a disciple of Dus mkhyen, was born. Gshon-sen of the middle	
Hbrug-pa school was born. Khro-Lo-chava brought Buddha	
Sri to Tibet. Chhin-gis subjugated Nahimanpa Ta-ge.	1199
Dge-bshes lchan-ri held the abbotship of Rgyal gdan-sa.	
Sans rgyas sgom-pa protected the Lo-chava of Bya yul. Gssi	
brjid Grags, the spiritual son of R nog kun r dor was born.	1200
Spyan sna Rinchhen Ldan, the disciple of Ko-brag-pa and	
Yu \hat{n} dgonpa, was born. Chhi \hat{n} -gis conquered the whole of H or.	1201



hbum died.

Rgva Lo-cháva (Rnam rgyal Rdorje) of Ron was born.	
Phag-gru Thog-rdug pa was born. Sans rgyas yar byon	
Ses rab blama of Stag lun was born.	
Sans rgyas ras pa Rinchhen smonlam, the disciple of Shi-	
byed pa Rog shig-po, was born.	
Sa-skya dpal-chhen Hod died.	1202
Karma Bakshi Chhos hdsin, the disciple of Shom-brag-pa	
and pupil of Karma Ras chhen, was born. Khro Lo-chava	
brought the Kashmirian Pandit Sakya Sri to Tibet.	
Chbin-gís subjugated Harilig. Dgyer-tshul Sen died.	1203
Rgyal-po dgah, the younger brother of Rnog Gssi-brjid,	
was born. The monastery of B de-va-chan at S ñe-thañ was	
founded by R gya- h chhiñ rupa, the disciple of G ña l sha \hat{n} .	
His nephews, Sans rgyas dpal and others, managed the	
monastery after his death.	1204
The monastery of G yam b ssa \hat{n} d gon-pa was founded by	
Chhos Smon lam of Gyam bssan.	1205
Chhingis visited Tibet and subjugated all its provinces	
with the exception of Mi-ñag.	
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CYCLE IV.	
Ssvara-yesen, the pupil of Phag-gru, died.	1206
Spyan-sna grags hbyun became the abbot of Phag-gru	
Gdansa which dignity he held for twenty-seven years. Saskya	
Pandita received the final vows of monkhood from Sakya Sri	
Pandita.	1207
Dvon dkarva occupied the abbotship vacated in con-	
sequence of the death of Stag lun than-pa. Rgya-ma Sans rgyas	1000
dvon ston died.	1209
Tilla rdor grags, the younger brother of Hbri-gon-pa, was	
born.	
Dvon-po Dar sen became abbot of Hbrug Ralun after	1010
the death of Gtsan-pa rgya-ras. Mal-ka-pa-chan died.	1210
Hguru Chhos dvan, a Rnin-ma gter-ston was born. Khro-	
Locháva constructed a gigantic image of Maitreya, eighty cubits high, which he also consecrated.	1211
Rgyalva, the eldest spiritual son of Hbrug-pa Rgod-tshan-	1211
pa, Yan dgon-pa and Rgyal-mtshan dpal were born.	
The Kashmirian Pandita Sakya Sri returned to Kashmir.	
The monastery of Glanthan Chhos-sde was founded.	1212
Gshon-nu yon-tan of Hod jo-va died. Rñinma Ñima	-,
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The pupil of H jam- g ser called Chhos S ku- h o d sser, who became the disciple of Semo-chhe the professor of D us h khor, was	
born. Khublai (emperor Se-chhen) Khán of Hor was born.	1213
SPal-te Dgra-bchom died.	1214
Shva-dmar-tshul dpal, the disciple of Karma Bakshí, was born. Sñe-mdo thams chad mkhyen-pa, the eldest son of Smarsenge, was born. Chhag dgra-bchom died.	
Grags rgyan of Sa-sky died. Rdorje tshul-khrims became the heirarch of H bri-gon.	1215
Skyob-pa Hjig-rten mgon-po died.	
Khro-phu kun-ldan-ras-pa died. Yan-dven-pa died.	
Rgyal-va Rten nas-pa died.	1216
Rin-chhen rdorje his younger brother, who was the 12th	
(in succession), was born. Dge-bses lchan riba died. Sgampo hdul hdsin-pa died. Glan ston sesrab Sen became abbot of Rgyal-gdan sa.	1217
Rnog r dorsen died.	1218
R dorje tshul Khrims of H bri-go \hat{n} died.	1220
D von S'esrab byu $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ became hierarch of H bri-go $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ '. Buddhism was first introduced in Hor (Mongolia). Chhi $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ -gis an-	
nexed Sar-tha-gva-chhen.	1221
Rdorje yeses (Chhos go-ba of Hbri-gun) was born. Hkhrul	
Shig Darma senge, the disciple of Rog-mchhad g sun, was born. D von d kar commenced building the grand hall of wor-	1122
ship at Stag lun.	
Gnos Lha nan-va died.	1223
Bde-legs rgyal-mtshan of Neran, who became the pupil of	
Orgyan Rinchhen dpal, was born. Shan ston htshem-pa be-	
came abbot of R gya l -va g dansa. The monastery of D ge- h dun s ga \hat{n} was founded by the two	
disciples of Sakya Sri Pandita named Byan and Rdor. They	
also founded the monastery of Snemo tshag-mig.	
Sákya senge founded the monastery of Namrin in Byan	
(north) after which he died. Sakya Sri died in Kashmir.	1224
Rin Sen of Thog-kha of Hbrigon was born. The	
fourteenth Kulika ascended the throne of Sambhala. Chhin-	
gis subjugated Miñag in Tibet, after which he died.	1225
Ogoti, the son of Chhingis, who was born in the year fire-	
sheep, assumed the sceptre of the Mongol-China kingdom.	1226
Sgampo Sñepa jo sras was born. Sans rgyas sgom-pa	1997
1110011.	1777



Orgyan Senge rinchhen d pal, the pupil of R go d tshan-pa of S tod H brug, was born.	
Rta-ston jo-ye, the Rñiĥ-ma Lama, died. Bkraśis blama of Stag lun was born. Jo-hbed, the Rninma	1228
Lama, died. Rin-sen of Kham lun in Bya-yul was born Sans rgya jo-vo	1229
dvañ phyug g shon-nu of Bya-yul was born. Gromo-chhe of SN ar thañ died. Lha-luñ d vañ phyug died.	1230
Chhos smon lam of Gyam-bssan died. Rog Sesrab blama was born.	1200
Ogoti died. Guru Chhos dvan recovered concealed	1001
religious books from the rock of Gnam-skas brag. Sans ston tshul mgon of the Sans-pa school was born. Ser-	1231
hbyun died at Hbrigon. Gotan, who was born in the fire-tiger year, ascended the throne of Hor. Rnog kun-rdor and Rtogs	
ldan bssañ died.	1232
Phags-pa, the son of Sa-skya Ssans-tsha, was born. Senge-sgra, the son of Rnog rgyal-dgah, was born. Dvon dkar skuyalma of Stag lun died. Sgam-po Sni	1233
sgom-chhen died.	1234
Dar Sen, the disciple of Rgya ras of Gtsan, died at Hbrug	
ra lun. Gshon-san succeeded him. Rin-rgyan and Ye-hbyun, the sons of Ssans tsha of Sa-	1235
skya, were born.	1236
Phyagna rdorje, the younger brother of Hphags-pa of Sa-	
skya, was born.	
Ssans tsha Bsod rgyan of Saskya died.	1237
Grags-pa yeśe's of Phag-gru was born. Grags bsod (Htsham bchad-pa) of Hbri gun was born. The Mongol chief	
Chhigya dorta, with his troops overrun Dvu (U) and Gtsan,	
and killed So-ston and five hundred monks of Sa-skya, after which he burnt Rva-sgren and Rgyal-khan monasteries.	1238
Chhos kyi blama died at Snarthan. Dvon-Ser-hbyun	
died.	1239
Rin bssan, the younger brother of Rnog Sen ge sgra, was	
born. Meloń Rdorje, the pupil of Rninma jo hbad and disciple	
of Sen-ge rgyab-pa, was born. Jonan kun-span Thugs brtson- hgrus rje, the pupil of Chhos sku hod sser, was born.	1241
Hphags-pa and Phyagna, the two nephews of Sa-skya	1441
Paudita, proceeded to Mongolia. Rog-ser hod died. Hoom	
dgon-pa of Stag lun died.	1242
Rog-shigpo Rin-chhen Sesrab died.	1243
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Chhos kyi rdorje, the younger brother of Rnog Rin-chhen	
bssan-po, was born.	
Sa-skya Paṇḍita arrived at Lan-ju (Lan-chau).	1244
Sa-skya Pandita interviewed the Mongol king Gotan.	
S ne- m do s mar se \hat{n} died.	1245
Sa-skya Pandita's saintly powers were tested. Having	
found him to be a sage and saint, the king imbibed faith in him.	1246
King Gotan sent a proclamation to Tibet making a pre-	
sent of the provinces of U and Tsan to the Saskya hierarch.	
Gya-pa gañs-pa, the disciple of Dus-mkhyen, died. Sbom-	
grags-pa died.	1247
Grags rin gñis mchhod-pa of Phag-gru was born. Se-	
Spyil Kha-va yeses of Lhobrag was born.	
Shaft dkon dpal was born. Lo-cháva Ras died at the capital	
of the Hbrug-pa hierarchy. Sans-Sgom of Sñas than died.	1248
Sans rgyas dvon grags dpal of Stag lun was born. S'es-	
rab Sen-ge of Ron, the spiritual son of Rgva Lo-cháva, was	
born. Nima senge of middle Hbrug was born.	1249
MChhim nam grags became abbot of Snarthan. Sa-skya	
Pandita died at Sprul-sde in Mongolia. King Gotan died.	1249
Mun-khe, who was born in the year fire-hare, ascended	
the throne of Mongol-China. The Mongolian army suppressed	
Mon mkhar mgonpo gdon in Tibet.	1250
HPhags-pa of Sa-skya became prince Khublai's spiritual	
guide. The Saskya-pa hierarch took possession of the	
thirteen provinces of Tibet, called Khri-skor bchu-gsum.	1251
The Mongolian king went at the head of an army to	
Gara ljan yul and returned to his capital in the following year.	1252
Grags sen of Mun-mebrag kha-wa, the pupil of Jonan kun	
span, was born.	1253
Spyan sna grags hbyuñ died.	1254
Bakshi became the spiritual guide of the Mongol king Mun-	
khe. Ssem grags sen of Bya-yul died. Guru Chhos dvan	
unearthed the six Rîin ma scriptures.	1255
Sans-rgyas dpal bssan (Stag lun dvon-po) was born. Phorog	
mdo-sde died.	1256
Senge rinchhen of Spahi-skya and of the middle Hbrug-	
pa school was born.	
Kun dgah bssañ-po of Sñe-mdo, an incarnation of Rgod-	
tshañs-pa, was born.	
Rgyal-va yan dgonpa, the son of Thams chas mkhyenpa,	
died. Rgod tshan mgon rdor of Stod Hbrug died.	1257

$m{B}$ de-legs r gya l m tshan founded the monastery of Ssa \hat{n} ssa \hat{n}	
nerañ. Lha hgro mgon dvañ phyng died.	
Mun-khe, the Mongol king, died.	1258
Yon rgyam, the pupil of Jonan kun span, was born. Karma	
Bsam-glin Rinchhen died.	1259
Rgyal mtshan hbum of Hjag, who became a leader of	
the Sanspa school, was born.	
Karma Bakshi, during the years fire-serpent, iron-monkey	
and iron-bird, made miraculous religious demonstrations. Bsod	
rgyan of Go-brag died.	1260
Bdag-chhen bssanpo dpal, the son of Sa-skya Ye-hbyun,	
was born.	
Sakya bssafipo, well-known by his other name Stag lun	
Lo-cháva, was born.	1261
Ssur-phu-va, the pupil of Spyan-sna rin ldan, was born.	
The great shrine of Mtshur-phu was built by Bakshi Ne	
ldan sgom.	1262
Sans rgyas ston tshul Khrims Senge of Bya-yul was born.	1263
Chhag chhos r je d pal died.	
H Phags-pa of Sa-skya returned to Tibet from Mongolia.	1264
Kumára, the son of Meloñ r dorje (of the R ñiĥma school),	
was born.	
G shon-se $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ died at H brug-Ralu $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$.	1265
CYCLE V.	
Thog rdug-pa died at Phag-gru. Phyagna of Sa-skya	
died.	1266
Dharmapála Rakshita, son of Phyagna of Sa-skya, was	1200
born.	1267
Hphags-pa again returned to Hor (Mongolia).	1268
Emperor Sa-chhen (Khublai), the grand son of Chhin-	
gis was engaged in building Peking and three other cities,	
from the year wood-mouse up to this year.	
Kharag grags rgyal of Hbrug died.	1269
Gshon-nu Smon lam of Bya-yul and Spyi-ther pahi Dvonpor	
Grags-pa of Dyagpo were born.	1270
Sans rgyas yar-byon of Stag lun died.	1271
Guru chhos dvan died.	1272
The monastery of Tharpaglin was founded in the confines	
of Nepal and Tibet.	
Va hhyph of Sackya diad in Liah-vul	1273

Sakya bssan-po of Sa-skya became the viceroy of the thirteen provinces of Tibet, called Khri-skor bchu gsum. Hjam-dvyans don-rgyan of Sa-skya and Dvan-bo brtan Blama of Bsos rgyan were born.	1274
Sans rgyas dvon grags dpal of Stag-lun founded the monastery of Byams rinpo-chhe. Ssur-khan-pa dvan ye of Se-spyil was born. Grags-pa	1275
bsod dpal of the Bkah-brgyud school was born. Sñe-mdo Thams chad mkhyen-pa died. Rdorje rinchen of Hbrigon was born. Yeśes blama of Stag lun was born. Sgampo chhos brgyan was born.	1276 1277
Rinchhen $rgyal$ m tshan of Sa-skya died. B chuñ Tilli died at H brigc \hat{n} . Rinchhen Chhos $rgyal$ of the Shi-byed school, who was the grandson of H phru l shig-dar se \hat{n} , was born. H phags-pa of Sa-	1278
skya died. The twelveth Gchun died. Sansrgyas Ras pa of the Shi-byed school died. Dharmapála became hierarch of Sa-skya. Bya-rog Rdson	1279
(jong) was captured. Rnog Gssi-brjid Grags died.	1280
Bya-yul Khams lun-pa died. Rga-Lo-cháva of Miñagag died. Bkra-grags, the red-cap Lama, died. Chhos rgyan, the son of latter Rnag Chhos rdor, was born. Shva dmar Gragr sen, the first incarnation of Bkra-grags the red-cap Lama, was born.	1281
Rdor rgyan of Ron, the first disciple of Ser sen, was born. Karma Bakshi died. Sans rgyas Sgompa of Bya-yul and Tshul khims Sesrab were born.	1282
The third Karma-pa hierarch Ran byun rdorje, an incarna-	
tion of Karma Bakshí, was born. Rdor-rgyal, the 28th hierarch of Hbrigon, was born. Rôog	
rgyal po dgah died. Lha-blo hod of Se-spyil was born. The Hbrigon-pa	1283
authorities burnt Bya-yul.	
Sans rgyas Gchun Ston died, and the abbotship remained vacant for five years.	
Thog kha-va died at Hbrigon.	1284
Lha brag kha-va died.	1285
Gyun-ston Rdor dpal, the pupil of Ssur-byams senge (the	1200
Riin-ma Lama), who was Karma Ran byun's spiritual guide,	
was born.	

Dharmapála died at Sa-skya, and Sara-va $m{H}$ jam $m{d}$ vya $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ s	
succeeded him in the hierarchy. Ne-sen of Hbrug Ralun died	
Ratna guru of Stag lun was born. Htsham behadpa died	
at Hbrigon. Phag-gru Grags-ye died.	1287
Senge r gya l -po of middle H brug was born. M chhim nams	
grags of Snarthan died.	1288
Bu-ston Rin-chhen grub was born. Rñinma Lama Legs-	
ldan was born.	
The Sa-skya-pa authorities sacked H brigon.	1289
Tshul-mgon of Bya-yul was born.	1290
Gser-gliñ bkra śis dpal, a follower of Sans-pa, was born.	
Dol bu Ser-rgyan, a disciple of Jonan yon-rgyan, was born.	
Kun-mkhyen chhos sku Hodsser died.	1291
Grags rgyal of Phag-gru, who had acquired the fourfold	
Rñinma perfections, was born.	
Urgyan mgonpo ser dpal of Stag lun died.	1292
Mkhan-chhen Jñána Prajñá was born. Sa-chhen's (Khub-	
lai's) grandson Olchahithu, who was born in the year wood-ox,	
became the emperor of Mongol China.	1293
Rgyal-sras Thogmed bssan po dpal was born. The Rninma	
Lama Gyun-ston Ssla-va Hjam dvyans bsam-hgrub rdor je	
was born.	1294
M chhuim karma k lo $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ -chhen-pa was born. S gam-po S $\tilde{\mathbf{n}}$ i-va	
Jo-sras died.	
Sans rgyas dpon-grags of Stag-lun died. Emperor Khublai	
died.	1295
B kraśis b lama died at S tag-lu $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$.	129
Karma R ñi \hat{n} Lama G yu \hat{n} -ston visited Hor.	1297
Tiśri Kun-blo, son of Dpal bssan of Sa-skya, was born.	
Gyag-sde Panchhen (Brtson-hgrus Dar rgyas), the pupil	
of Shva-dmar Grags-sen, was born.	1298
Ratnákara of Stag-luñ was born.	1299
Tihi situ Byan rgyan of the Phag-gru dynasty was born.	1301
D va $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ lo-cháva Bya $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$ -chhub r tsemo, also called B lo-br t an	
dpon-po, was born.	
The monastery of Lha-sten was founded by Ran-byun rdorje.	
Hkhrul shig Darsen of the Shi-byed school died. The	
Rñiń-ma Lama Meloń rdorje died.	1302
The venerable nun Legs blo rgyan, a disciple of Bssan	
dpal of Sa-skya, was born.	1304
Jonan Phyogs las rnam rgyal, a native of Mnah ris, who was	
the punil of Dol-hu ser rayan was born	130



Blo gros R nam dag was born in Bya-yul. Bu-ston wrote	
the historical work called Chhos hhyun rin mdsod. Bssan dpal	
of Sa-skya died. Emperor Gegen Khan died in Hor.	1321
Ye-sun-the-mur, the great-grandson of Sa-chhen (Khublai),	
who was born in the year water-serpent, became emperor.	1323
Rdorgyan of Ron died. Sans-rgyas-ston of Bya-Yul died.	
Sen-rgyal died at Hbrug Ralun.	1324
Nam mkhah rgyal-mtshhn of Lho-brag, who was Tson-	
khapa's tutor, was born.	1325
Mthah-yas (Ananta), the fifteenth Kulika, ascended the	-55
throne of Sambhala. Kun-blo of Sa-skya died. Yon-rgyam,	
the Jonan Lama, died.	1326
Emperor Ye-sun-the-mur died.	1327
The two sons of the emperor Khulug, namely Rinchhen	
Hphags (born in the year iron-mouse) and Kaus'ali (born in the	
year water-tiger), successively became emperors, and each died	
after a few months' reign. Pau-yanthu's son Chi-yá-thu (born	
in the year wood-dragon) became emperor.	1328
The abbot Yeses bsod nam rgya-mtsho was born.	1329
Don-grub dpal, the son of Senge-hbum, the spiritual son of	
Rhog Chhos rdor, was born.	
Raĥ- h byuĥ R dorje visited Hor.	1330
Ta-dven blo-rgyan and Ta-dven Chhos rgyan, the sons of	
Tisri Kun-rgyan of Saskya, were born. Emperor Chi-yá-thu	
died. Ratna Sri, the son of Kausali, born in the year fire-tiger,	
became emperor. After one month's reign he died.	1331
Nam-mkhah dpal of Stag-lun was born. The monastery of	
Gnas nan was founded by Mtshur. Tho-gwan themur the son	
of Chi-yá-thu, born in the year earth-horse, became emperor.	1332
Rgyan hbum of Sans jag was born.	1333
Hbri gon Chhos rgyal, who became Tsonkhapa's tutor, was	
born. Se-spyil-pa Rinehhen Sen was born.	1334
Sgampo Chhos rgyan died.	1335
Sc-spyil Lha of Ssur-khan died.	1336
Sans-rgyas Sgom Phyi-ma died in Bya-yul.	1337
Ratna Guru of Stag-lun died. Karma Ran byun rdorje	
died in Hor.	1338
The fourth Karma hierarch Rolpahi rdorje Dharma Kirti	
was born in Kon-po.	1339
	1340
Bsod nams rgyal-mtshan (Kun-span chhenpo) was born.	
Se-spyil-na Sakya baod was horn.	

On the death of Nam legs-pa, Blama Dampa became the	
Saskya hierarch. Gshon-smon of Drag-po died. Kumára, the	
Rñiñ-ma Lama, died. Dpal-blo-brtan died.	1341
Mun-Me brag Kha-va, the J'onan abbot, died.	1342
According to the chronology of Rgya-Ston the Sútránta	
vyákarana was introduced.	1343
Sakya bssan the Lo-chava of Stag-lun died.	1344
Blo gros Senge of the middle Hbrug-Ralun school was born.	1345
Lho-rin-pochhe Grags you of the Bkahrgyud school was	
born. Kun Sen died at Hbrug-Ralun.	1346
Rje-btsun ran hdah-pa Gshon was born. Theg-chhen chhos	
rgyal kun bkra, the son of Chhos rgyan of Sa-skya, was born.	
Tahi Situ Byan-chhub Rgyan became the ruler of the entire	
Dvus (or central Tibet). Shva-dmar Grags sen died. The	
Shi-byed-pa abbot Rinchhen Chhos rgyal died.	1348
Rin rgyan Dus hkor-va, the pupil of Hj'am-dvyans Chhos	1010
mgon Dolbus, was born. Gyag-phrug Sans was born.	
Mkha-spyod dvan-po Ye-dpal, the second red-cap hier-	
arch, an incarnation of Grags-sen, was born. Sans rgyas rin-	
rgyan, the disciple of Hjam-dvyans bssam grub the Ruin-ma	
abbot, was born. Se-spyil-pa Lha blo hod died.	1349
Chhos hbyun rin-chhen, the disciple of Hjag-chhen Byams-	1949
dpal, was born. The town of <i>litse-than</i> (also called <i>Rtsis-than</i>)	
was founded by Tahi Situ. Rdor-rgyal died at Hbri-gon.	1950
Bsod nams lhun-grub of Se-spyil was born. The sage	1350
	1011
Jñána-prajña died.	1351
Karma Rol pahi rdorje entered monkhood. A great earth-	1050
quake took place in Tibet.	1352
Sar-rin-pochhe (of the Bkah rgyud school) of Khams was	
born.	
Byan-pa Tahi dven, with the permission of Ser-rgyan, re-	
paired the monastry of Nam rin. Tahi Situ brought the whole	
of Gtsan under his power.	1353
Blogros Sen ge of Rgyal-lha khan and others commenced	
the Mnon-pa (Abhidharma.)	1354
Hjam dpal rgya-mtsho, the adept, was born. Chhos bshi	
gsarma Grags byan of Phag-gru, who became Tsonkhapa's	
spiritual guide, was born.	1355
Tson-khapa was born at Tson-kha. His disciple Sakya	
bsod was born. Spyan sna-va Bsod nams Grags was born.	
Grub-pa Sesrab of Snar-than was born. Karma Rol-pahi	
rdorje received the final vows of monkhood.	1356



Tahi Sri Kun-rgyan of Sa-skya died.	1357
Bsodnam Grags of Phag-gru was born. Bkra-śis dpal br tsegs of Stag-lun was born. Gyag-sde pan chhen founded	
the monastery of E-bam. Rônog chhos rgyan died. Blo-gros bssan-po of Gtsan, the pupil of Hbahri, was born.	1358
Byan dpal, the son of Rnog don-dpal, was born. Chhos bshi	
Rñin ma died at Phag-gru.	1359
Ratuákara, the abbot of Stag lun, died.	
Jonan Lo-cháva Ser-rgyan died.	1360
Rimi hbab-pa was born. Rje Tsonkhapa received abhiseka	1001
from Don-rin-pochhe.	1361
Rgod phrug ras-pa Grags hbyun of the Bkah brgyud school,	
a native of Ninu, was born. R je- b lama (Tso \hat{n} khapa) became a (Sramanera) neophite monk under Don rinpa. Tshu l m gon of	
By a-yul died. R \tilde{n} $$	1362
Darma Rinchhen (Khri-chhen rgyal-tshab) was born.	4002
Yeses rinchen of middle Hbrug was born. Bu-ston Thams	
chas mkhyen-pa retired to the mansion of purity (died).	1363
Gser-glin-pa bkra-dpal of Sans died.	1364
Byañ-Sems kun bssañ, a pupil of Rje (Tsoñ-khapa), was	
born. Orgyan mgon-po of Stag lun died. Bsam-gtan dpal of	
the B kah- r gyu d school died.	1365
Ston Sakya rgyan of Khams rgyal-mo ron was born. The	
monastery of Ron-Byams chhen was founded by Sems-dpah	
gshon rgyal.	136 6
The Mongol emperor Tho kwan themur, having lost the	
throne, fled to Mongolia which he ruled over. Hun-Wu, the	
founder of the Tamin dynasty, became emperor of China. Gyun slon, the predecessor of Mkhas grub, died.	1367
The great Tai Min invited the sage (sthávira) Chhu-	1007
hgram-pa to China.	
Rgyal sras thog med was born.	1368
The twelveth G sarma died.	1369
Sgom-po chhos dvan phyug was born. S'er-sen of middle	
Hbrug was born.	1370
Rje-blama (Tson-khapa) proceeded to Dvus and Gtsan	
(Tibet proper).	1371
Hor ston nam m khah d pal, the abbot of the Bya \hat{n} - r tse	
division of Dgahldan, was born.	
Rje-blama (Tson-khapa) visited Hbri-gon and Bde-va chan.	1372
The Vinaya teacher Grags-pa rgyal-mtshan was born.	1373
Sha-lu Legs rgyan (Khri-chhen) was born. Bo-don chhos	
I	

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legs rnam rgyal died.

The monastery of Se-pyil was governed by the earlier Mus.chhen kun mchhog rgyan, the disciple of Dorpa Kun 1387 1388 Sakya baod nams. Khri Blogros chhos skyon was born.

bssan, was born.

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Mkhan chhen Hjam-ye died. Blo sen died at Hbrug Ra-	1000
lun. Ripa gshon-nu rgyal mtshan died.	1389
Dge-hdun grub, the first of the line of the (Rgyal-va	
Rinpo-chhe) Talai Lamas, was born. Bsod nam rgyal-mtshan	
of Se-spyil-bu was born.	
Hjag-chhen Byams dpal of San died. San Hbah-ra, the	1390
pupil of Ssur-phu and disciple of Spyan-sna Rin Idan, died.	1990
Byan-sems blo rgyan, the disciple of Rje blama (Tson-	
khapa), was born. Hgos Lo-cháva (yid bssañ rtse gshon-nu	
dpal), the Karma-Rîin abbot, was born. Rje blama, after be-	
ing miraculously visited by Hjam-dvyans, proceeded to Bya-	1391
bral in Holkha. Ser sen died at Hbrug Ralun.	1991
Rdsin-phyi was repaired by Rje-blama Tson-khapa chenpo.	
He was miraculously visited by Hjigs-byed at Rgya sog phu.	1900
Gshon-nu yeses died in Bya-yul.	1392
Byań-sems ser bssań of Smad was born. Rje blama	1394
(Tson-khapa) met Lho-brag-pa.	
Rje blama founded the educational college of Gnal.	1395
Rin-sen of Se-spyil-bu died.	1396
Nam-mkhah dpal of middle of Hbrug was born.	139 7
Bsod nams methog grub of Snarthan, who became Mkha-	
grub's disciple, and Mkhan-chhen grub ser's nephew were born.	
The second Min emperor Hun-wu tsha ascended the	1398
throne of China.	1990
Grags-pa dpal ldan of Spas and Hdul-hdsin Blo-gras, the	1399
disciple of Dge hdun grub, were born.	1000
Bssod-pa dpal grub of Snarthan was born. Bsod nams	
rnam rgyal of Byams glin, who taught asceticism to Rje blama	
Tson-khapa, was born. Lama kun died at the monastery of	1400
Snarthan. Nam-mkhah rgyal mtshan of Lho-brag died.	1100
Baso chhos kyi rgyal mtshan, the younger brother of Mkhas	
grub rje, was born. Khri Blo gros brtan-pa was born. Spyan sîa blo-gros rgyal mtshan was born. Dpal ldan bssañ-po of Hdul	
sna blo-gros rgyal misnan was born. Dpat man vasan-po of industrian	1401
nag was born. Sans rgyas chhos kyi sen-ge of Sgampo died. Byan-chhub rgya-mtsho of Stag-lun, the red-cap Lama,	1101
was born. Ratna glin pa of the R nin-ma school was born.	
Was born. Ratha gin pa of the 10mil-ma school was sorz.	1402
Yunglo became emperor of China. Chhos dvañ grags-pa of Shañ Shûñ was born.	1403
Ser-abs Rin chhen, called Stag Lo-chava, was born. Mkhas	
grub rje took the final vows of monkhood. Dge-hdun grub	
entered monkhood. Mkhah Spyod dvan-po, the Shva-mar (red-	
	1404
cap) Lama, died.	

Chhos dpal yes'es, the third Shva dmar Lama and incarna-	1405
tion of Mkhah dvan, was born.	1400
Mkhas grub Thams chad mkhyan-pa became a disciple of	
Rje Tsonkhapa. The fifth Karma-pa Lama proceeded to China.	1406
Spyan sña dpal bssañ of Phag-gru died. Bkra-sis dpal hod of Stag-luñ was born. Emperor Tai	1300
Ming (Yunglo) invited Byams chen chhos rje, abbot of Sera, to	
China. Grags bsod nams died at Phag-gru. Chhos hbyuñ	
Rinchlen, the saint, died.	1407
Dpal bssañ of Se-spyil-bu was born. Tsoñkhapa founded	
the grand prayer meeting of Lhasa, called Monlam chhenpo, and	
founded the great monastery of Rivo Dgah ldan rnampar rgyal	
vahi glin. Kunsran bsod rgyan died.	1408
l'anchlen bssanpo bkra sis of Bkra sis lhun-po was born.	
Sakya Srí of Tsañ was born. Dge-hdun grub took the final	
vows of monkhood. Sakya bsod nams of Se-spyil-bu died.	1409
Sans rgyas hphel, the Rab hbyams-pa (doctor of divinity)	
of Byams chhen, was born.	1410
Rje-btsun Ren hdah-va died at Shin shun.	1411
Ye-śes rinchhen died at Hbrug-Raluñ.	1412
Khri Smon Dpal legs blo was born. Gyag phrug sans dpal	
of Sa-skya died. Lho Rin-po chhe grags yon died.	1413
Khri Yes'es bssanpo was born. Karma De-bshin géegs-	
pa died.	1414
Mthon-va don-ldan, the sixth Karma hierarch, was born.	
Hjam dvyans Chhos rje dpal founded the great monastery of	
Hbras spuñ. Da-puñ Bsod bssañ of Phag-gru died.	1415
Dge hdun bssanpo of Gtsan gi khyun-po bya-bral, the	
pupil of Baso, was born. The twenty-second hierarch of Phag-	
gru succeeded his predecessor. The historical work, called	
Chhos hbyun bstan-pa Gsal byed, was written by Don grub	
dpal of Kam kam. Rūin-ma Rin glin recovered some concealed	
religious works from underneath the rock of Khyun tshan brag.	1416
Nag dvan grags of Stag-lun was born.	1417
Kun dgah don-hgrub, who founded Rgyud stod, was born.	
The monastery of Sera theg chien glin was founded by	
Sakya yeses. Dharma Rinchhen became Tsonkhapa's succes-	
sor on the grand hierarchical throne of Dgah Idan. Rje Tsonkhapa returned to the presence of Maitreya Bodhisattva.	1410
S'er rgyan of Snarthan was born. The monastery of	1418
Gsan snags mkhar was founded.	1420
Rje-nor bssañ rgya-mtsho was born. Rgyan-Bde founded	1440
the monesteries of Gues then and Ssun man of Martor Iden	1491



Gtsan blo-gros, the pupil of Dpah ra, died. Grub Serabs	
of Snarthan died.	
Chhos d va \hat{n} -phyug of S gampo died.	1422
Grags ser (the second) of Snarthan was born.	
Lo-cháva B so d nams r gyam was born. He wrote thirteen	
volumes. Bkra sis dpal rtsegs died at Stag lun.	1423
Mkhan-chhen Dus Hkhor-va Rin rgyan was born. Karma	
Mtshur-phu-pa composed Byed rtsis and Sa-byar Sgrub rtsis	
and Gssah gnas drug.	
Hunshi, the fourth Ming emperor, ascended the throne of	
China. Nam dpal of Hbrug Ralun died.	1424
Panchhen nags kyi Rinchhen first visited Tibet. Bsson-te	
became the fifth Ming emperor of China.	1425
Dpal- h byor lhun grub of Sera (a native of G ñal- s ton) was	_
born. The sixteenth Kulika, named Bhúpála, ascended the	
throne of Sambhala. Dpal ldan blo-gros of Sera was born.	
Sar Rinpochhe died.	1426
Sakya m chhog l dan was born. R gyal d va \hat{n} chhos r je d pal	
of middle H brug was born. R togs l dan H jam d pa l r gya- m tsho	
died.	1427
Blo bssan grags-pa of Hdar-ston was born.	
Hjam dvyans Dgah blo (Legs-pa chhos hbyor) was born.	
Ser bssan of Byan-rtse was born. Mchhog lha of Rva stod	
was born. Goram bsod sen was born. Rtogs ldanpa's incarna-	
tion, Rgya sras ses rab hphel, was born. Bssan dor kun-	
bssan of Saskya founded the monastery of E-bam. Se-spyil	7.100
bsod lhun died.	1428
Bkra śis dpal hod-pa became abbot of Stagluń. Bsod rgyan	1.420
of Se-spyil-bu died.	1 429
Mkhas grub rje became the grand hierarch of Dgah Idan.	
Sa $\hat{n}s$ rgyas rinchhen rgyal m tshan, the $R\tilde{n}i\hat{n}$ -ma Lama of Ye- r tse,	1490
died.	1430
Kun-dgah rnam rgyal of Thon-mi, the disciple of Panchhen	
Byams glin, was born. Hbum phrag gsum-pa of Saskya and Kun- d ga h chhos b ssan were born.	1431
Panchhen Ye-rtse of Bkrasis lhunpo was born. Se-spyil-	1431
pa Sñan grags was born. The monastery of Rgyud smad was	
founded by Rje-sen. Bsod bssan of Smyun Gnas died.	1432
Mkhas grub rje wrote a commentary of the Kálachakra	1 304
system. Hdul hdsin grags rgyan died.	1433
The monastery of Nálendra was founded by Ron-ston.	LEUC
The possession of Gtsan passed to Rin-spun from the	
hands of Phag-grn.	1434

The monastery of Stag mo glin was founded by Muschhen Dkon mchhog rgyan. The sixth Ming emperor Ting-thûn ascended the throne. Kun rgyan of Saskya Jong died.	1495
The monastery of Byams-pa glin in Chhab mdo in Khams was founded by Smad S'es rab bssan, the disciple of Tson-	1435
khapa.	1436
The monastery of Mdo Shags glin was founded by Byan	1100
Sems kun dgah. Mkhasgrub Chhos rje died.	1437
Blo bssafi Nima, the Dvon-po (disciple) of Tsofi-khapa, was born. The first Hphag-pa-lha of Khams was born. Rje	
Nag dvan of Phag-gru was born. The great chhorten of Dpal	
hkhor chhos-sde of Gyan-tse was built.	1438
Chhos skyon bssan-po (Shvalu Lo-cháva) was born.	1439
Byan Sems S'akya bsod nams of Rva-sgren died.	1441
Yon tan rgya-mtsho of Thon-pa was born.	1442
Bdag-chen Blo Rgyan of Saskya was born. Byan sems	
kun dgah bssan died.	1443
Don yod dpal ldan of Sera was born.	
S'esrab senge of Snarthan, who founded the Rgyud grva	
tshañ of Gtsañ and Dvus, died. Gu-jo rtogs ldan died.	1444
Kun dgah bde legs rgyan bssan of Gnas rñin, who became	
Baso's disciple, was born. Lhariba of Rgyud stod was born.	
Lha d vañ d pal h byor was born. R nog byañ d pal died.	1445
CYCLE VIII.	
Rinchhen Chhos rgyen (Chhog Lo-cháva) was born. The	
monastery of Bkra-śis Lhun-po in Gtsań was founded. Nam	
mkhah dpal (Hor-ston, the Lama of the Mongols) died.	1446
Byan Chhub rgya-mtsho (of the red-cap school) of Stag	
lufi died.	1447
Chhos rgyal bstanpa (Rab hbyams-pa or doctor of divi-	
nity) of Dvagspo, who was S'ans rgyas hphel's disciple, was	
born. Kun hssan Chhos nam of Rdo-ran was born. The	
monastery of Skyid tshul of Hbras-yul in Sa-skya was founded	
by Sans hphel, the Rab hbyams-pa. Hjam dvyans chhos rje	
died.	1 4 4 0
Ronston died.	1448
Khri Sis dar legs blo was born. The seventh Ming emperor	
Tsing-the ascended the throne. Legs rgyan of Shvalu died.	1440
Guñru rgyen bssañ died. Bodoñ phyogs las rnam rgyal died.	1449
Grags rgyan Sgam Smyon of Sgampo died.	1450
Bood nams mChhog grub of Snarthan died. Shva dmar	1451
Chhos dpal yeses died.	1451

Khri-pa Chhos bées was born. Khri-pa Rin hod was born.	
Chho Grags Yeses, the fourth Shva-dmar Lama, was born.	
Panchhen Nags rin visited Tibet. Karma Mthon-va Don Idan	
died. Rimi hbab-pa died.	1452
Sgampo bsod rgyan was born. The seventh Karma hier-	
arch Chhos Grags rgya-mtsho was born.	1453
Phyogs las rnam rgyal and Chhos dvan Lhun-grub were	
born.	1454
Kun-bssan of Nor was born.	1455
Grub Chhos r dorje was born.	
Bkra-sis d pal, the Tantrik saint of the Karma school, was	
born. The eighth Ming emperor T'hen-srun ascended the	
throne of China. Bya \hat{n} sems ser b ssa \hat{n} of S ma d died.	1456
Chhos ldan blo gros of Rgyud stod was born. Panchhen	
Nag dvan grags-pa was born at Snun.	1457
The second Sakya bood nams of Se-spyil was born. Bkra	
sis dpal of Stag lun died.	1459
The second B kra d pa l of S tag lun was born. S nan grags	
of Se-spyil died.	1460
Baso Chhos rgyan became the grand hierarch of Dgah-	1.400
Idan. Khri Blo gros Chhos skyon died.	1462
The monastery of Gonkar Rdorje Gdan was founded by	1400
Thon-me kun dgah.	1463
The monastery of Skyo m dah d gonpa was founded by H gro	
mgon Blo gros bssanpo of Skyo mdah in the eighth year of his	
age. The nineth Ming emperor Hwa ascended the throne of	1404
China.	1464
Blogros rgyal-mtshan founded the monastery of Ni-stin. Stag Phrugu Sri died. Lo-chhun Dkah bshi-va died.	1404
Grags don of Snarthan died.	1465 1466
Panchhen Nags rin died at Palpo in Nepal.	1467
Btsun-pa Chhos rgyan of Sera was born. Rnam rgyal	1401
Grags-pa of Stag-lun was born. The monastery of Gser-mdog	
chan was founded by Sakya mchhog. Mus-chhen Dkon rgyan	
died.	
Rje druń Chhos d vań Grags of Shańshuń died.	1468
Bssañ dpal died at Snarthañ. Blo rgyan (Sems-Dpah	1400
chhen-po) of Bdemo than died.	1469
Smon lam blo gros, the first embodiment of Sems dpah of	1 100
Bdemo than, was born.	1470
Bsod nams dpal bssañ of Stagluñ was born. The monastery	
of Grva Byams glin was founded by Thumi Lhan b kras. Spyan	
Sûa blo roya wisho died	1471

Khri Chhos Skyon rgya-mtsho was born. Lha Chhos bssan	
of Se-spyil was born. Blo brtan became the grand hierarch of	
Dgah ldan. The monastery of Thub-bstan rnam-rgyal was	
founded by Karam-pa. Baso Chhos rgyan died. Hdul nag-pa	1.450
of Snar than died.	1472
Dge hdun grub died, and Panchhen Bssañ-po bkra śis became abbot of Bkra śis lhunpo. Rñiń-ma S'akya rgyal died.	1479
Dge hdun rgya- m tsho, the second embodiment of the R gyal-	1473
va Rin-po-chhe, was born.	
Blo gros Grags dpal (Hdul hdsin) died. Byams pa Glin-	
pa died.	1474
Ssla-va rgyal mtshan of Ston skor, an incarnation of Hdul	120 2
hdsin grags rgyan, was born. Kun dpal of Hbrug-pa school died.	1475
Kun dgah legs blo of Sgom-rum was born.	1476
Khri-pa Panchhen bsod Grags, an incarnation of Bu-ston, was	
born. Bssan bkra having died, Lun rig rgya-mtsho became	
abbot of Bkrasis lhunpo. Ko-ram bsod Senge founded the	
monastery of Thub-bstan rnam rgyal glin. Khri Blo brtan	
died.	1477
Ssur-mañ Bya btañ-pa was born. At the sixty-first anniver-	
sary of Tsonkhapa, a religious controversy took place at Rtse-	
śar.	1478
The Rtse sar controversy having terminated, Smon lam	
dpal became the grand hierarch of Dgah ldan.	1479
The Lama Shva dmar led the Tsan army to Dvus. Hgos	
Lo-chava Gshon-dpal died at Yid rtse.	1480
Ñag-dvañ Hjigs med Grags of Rin spuñ was born. Lo-	7.407
cháva bsod rgyam was born.	1481
In the sacred chronology of Nor bssan rgya-mtsho the	1482
712th year of the second age expired. Byams Chhen Rab hbyams died.	1484
Talai Lama Dge-hdun rgya-mtsho entered monkhood.	1434
Grags ses rab became abbot of Snarthan. Kungrul of Rgyud	
stod died.	1485
Dpal bssan of Se-spyil died. Hphags-pa lha of Khams	1100
died.	1486
Sgam-po bsod lhun died. Hunti, the tenth Ming emperor,	
ascended the throne of China. Sgam-po bsod rgyan died.	1487
Lo-cháva Rinchhen bssañ of Shvalu was born. The mo-	
nastery of Nan yod śańs chhos sde of Sa-skya was founded by	
Hbum phrag gsum-pa. Gor rampa Bsod Sen of Sa-skya died.	1488
Blo bssan Nima became grand hierarch of Dgah ldan. The	

monastery of Thub-bstan Yans-pa-chan was founded by Rab	
hbyams-pa Thug-rje dpal of Mus.	1489
Khri Mi ñag rdorje bssan-po was born. Khri Smon lam	
$d\mathbf{pa}l$ died.	1490
Khri-pa D von-po B lo b ssa \hat{n} Ñima died.	1491
Khri Chhos grags bssanpo was born. Khri Dge-hdun	
bstan-dar was born.	1492
The work, called Bkah gdams Chhos hbyun Gsal sgron, was	
written by Las Chhen kun dgah rgyal mtshan.	1493
Kun dgah Grol mehhog, the head of the Jonan school, was	
born.	1494
Thonmi Kundgah rnam rgyal died. Kundgah bde legs of	
Gnas rhin died. Nag Grags of Stag-lun died.	1495
Khri rgyan bssan was born.	1496
Rinchhen Spunpa of Gtsan, after taking Snehu rdson, took	
possession of Spyid S'an.—At the grand annual prayer meet-	
ing (Monlam Chhenpo) of Lhasa the Lamas of the Gsan-phu	
and Karma schools humiliated those of the Sa-skya-pa and	
Hbras spuñ schools. Khri ve bssañ died.	1497
Karma Grub thob Bkra d pal of G ñan founded the hermit-	
age of Orgyan Rikrod.	1498
Hdarston became grand hierarch of Dgah ldan. Panchhen	
mchhog Lhapa died.	1499
Khri nag dvan Chhos Grags was born.	150 0
Blo gsal rgya-mtsho of Tshar-chhen was born. Sgom-	
smyon died.	1501
Hjam dgah blo died. Kun dgah Chhos bssafi, the abbot of	
Skyid tshal, died. Dpah-po Chhos dvan Chun Grub died.	1502
The second Dpah-po Gtsug-lag phren-pa, the astrologer and	
chronologist, was born. Hbum phrag, Gsum-pa of Sa-skya,	
died.	1503
Khri Dge-legs dpal of Hol dgah was born.	
The third incarnation of the Panchhen Rin-po chhe, named	
Blo besañ don grub, was born.	
The sage Phyogs las rnam rgyal was born. Tifi-te, the	
eleventh Ming emperor, ascended the throne.	1504
Karma Chhos Grags rgya-mtsho died.	1505
5 5.	

CYCLE IX.

Mi bskyod rdorje, the eighth Karma hierarch, was born. Safts rgyas dpal, the second incarnation of Hphags-pa lha Khams, was born.

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70 S. C. Dás—Life of Sum-pa Khan-po	[No. 2,
Ser-bssan died at Byan rtse. Sakya mchhog of Sa-skya	
died.	1506
The second B kra d pa l of S tag-lu \hat{n} died.	1507
Dge-hdun rgya-mtsho founded the monastery of Chho	
hkhor-rgyal in the plain of Rgyal Metog than.	1508
Chos Idan blo gros of Rgyud stod died. Khri Hdar Stor	1
blo bssan grags-pa died.	1510
Blama rinpochhe Dge-hdun rgya-mtsho became the grand	i
hierarch of B kra sis lhunpo.	1511
Panchhen Bkra sis rnam rgyal of Sgampo was born.	
Mkhas grub Nor bssañ rgya mtsho was born.	1512
Dpal blo of Sera died.	1513
The Panchhen died at S \tilde{n} ug.	1514
Khri Byams-pa rgya-mtsho was born. Bsodnams Dva	A
rgyal of Sgampo was born. Lharipa of Rgyud stod died.	1515
The grand Lama Dge-hdun rgya-mtsho became abbot o	f
$oldsymbol{H}$ bras spufis.	
Khri Rin hod-pa wrote a treatise on the chronology o	f
the Buddhists.	1516
The power of Gtsaft-pa, having waned since the year fire	
mouse, the monasteries of Sera and Hbras spuñ recovered their	
place in the Monlam Chhenpo, the grand prayer assembly	
of Lhasa.	1517
Thub dvan bstan hdsin of Sgampo was born. Kun-dga	
dpal of Nan, who was born in the year fire-ox, became abbot o	
Chhab-mdo.	1518
Khri Tshe-brtan rgya-mtsho was born. Bsod dpal of Stag	-
lun died.	1519
Grub-chhen Chhos rdorje made over the book of miraculou	
revelations of Tson khapa to the Talai Lama Blo-bssan Dor	
grub. Thon-pa Yon-rgya-mtsho died. Grub thob of Gnan	
having died, was re-born in the same year. Kya-Jin, the twelveth Ming emperor ascended the thron-	1520
of China.	1521
Khri dam Chhos d pa l h bar was born.	1521
Hjam d vyañs m khyen b rtse d vañ phyug was born.	1022
Rnam rgyal bkra sis of Stag lun was born. Don yod dpa	7
ldan of Sera died. Chhos kyi Ñima of Rdo-ron died. Ra	_
byams-pa of Dvags-po died. Chhos Grags Yeses of the Shva	
dmar school died.	- · 1523
Mkhas grub Sans rgyas Yeses was born. Dkon mchho	
vanlage the fifth Shya dmar hierarch, was born.	5 1594

Khri Dpal hbyor rgya mtsho was born. Metri Dongrub	
rgyal mtshan of Bod mkhar was born.	1525
Bsod nams Chhos hphel of Dgon Gsar was born. Hbrug-	
pa Padma dkarpo, the great antagonist of Tsonkhapa, was born.	
The sixteenth Kulika (fabulous emperor), named Dpal skyon	
(Srí-pála), ascended the throne of Sambhala. The great Shalu	
Lo-cháva was born.	1526
. Bsod Grags-pa became the grand hierarch of Dgahldan, and	
wrote the Buddhist historical work called Bkah gdan Chhos	
hbyuñ.	1528
Khri Sesrab legs blo died. Rnam rgyal Grags-pa of Stag	
lun died.	1529
The foundation of the monastery of Phan bde dgon was	
laid by Sans rgyas bkra sis, the father of Hphags-pa lha the	
second.	1530
Khri Dge hdun rgyal mtshan was born. Sgom lde rnam	
rgyan of Rgyud stod Sar-va was born.	1531
$R_{\rm gyal} m t { m shan} b { m ssa\hat{n}}$ -po became abbot of $R_{\rm gyud}$ -smad.	1532
S pa \hat{n} d kar Rinpochhe was born.	1533
Tharpahi rgyal mtshan, also called Naga grub-chhen, was	
born.	
Chhos rgya-mtsho became the grand hierarch of Dgah ldan.	1534
Kun-bkra of Stag lun was born. The work on astrology	
and astronomy, called Rtsis gshun, was composed by Gtsugla	
phreń-va.	1535
Rje-druñ Lha dvañ Chhos rgyan, the incarnation of Baso	
Chhos rgyan, was born. The abbotship of Sera was filled by	
Rje btsun-pa. The Hbrigun authorities dispossessed the Dge	
ldan-pa hierarch of eighteen communities, Hod sna &c.	1536
Rdor bssan of Minag became the grand hierarch of Dgah	
ldan. Khri Chhos skyon rgya-mtsho died. Karma Hphrin las	
pa died.	1538
Khri Sans-rgyas Rinchhen was born. Khri-pa Chhos	
bses died. Khri-pa Rin hod died. Bya btan of Ssur man died.	1539
Rnam rgyal Dpal bssafi of Rgyud Smad was born. Mkhan	
chhen nam rgyam was born. The monastery of Mñah ris Grva-	
tshañ was built on a hill near Rtse-thañ.	1540
The Talai Lama Dge-hdun rgya-mtsho died.	1541
The third Talai Lama Bood nams rgya-mtsho was born.	1542
The monastery of Phan b de G liñ was founded. Kun legs	
of Sgom rum died.	1543
Khri Chhoe non Grage was horn Khri Rla gayam of Stag	

lun Brag was born. Khri Damehhos dpal was born. Rje	
btsun-pa died. The monasteries of Tshal Gunthan and Stag	
lun lha khan were destroyed by fire.	1545
Rje-druft Ser dvan founded the monastery of Dar rgyas in	
Khams. Nag dvan Chhos Grags became grand hierarch of	
Dgah ldan.	1547
Rje bsod nams rgya mtsho entered monkhood.	1548
The monastery of Bshad sgrub glin in Khams was founded	
by Baso sprul sku. Rnam rgyal Phun-tsho became abbot of	
Stag lun.	15 4 9
Khri Ñag-dvañ Chhos Grags died.	155 0
Chhos Grags bssan-po became grand hierarch of Dgah	
Idan. Sgampo Bsod lhun died.	1551
Mi Gyo Shin-po (Rje-drun tsha-wa-pa), who was born in	
the year fire-serpent, was appointed to the abbotship of Chhab-	
mdo. Sems dpah Smon lam Blo gros died. Sgam-po bsod	
nams Dvan-rgyal died.	1552
The second incarnation of Sems-Dpah, named Nag dvan	·
Grags rgyan, was born. Khri Bsod nams Grags-pa died. Khri	
Miñag Rdor bssan died. Karma Mi bskyos rdorje died.	1553
Khri-pa Grags-pa rgya-mtsho was born.	
Khri-pa Grags-pa rgya-mtsho was born. Kun-bkra Lo-	
cháva filled the abbotship of Stag-lun. His father Sans bkra	
died.	1554
The ninth Karma incarnation, named Dvan-phyug-rdorje,	
was born. The first incarnation of Bsod name Grage-pa, named	
Bsod nams ye dvah, was born. Ston skor Ssla rgyan died.	1555
Yontan rgya-mtsho of Ston-skor was born.	
D ge- h dun b stan r gyam, the incarnation of R je-dru \hat{n} $S\hat{n}$ ags	
ram-pa (Dge-Bkraśis), was born.	1556
Dge-legs d pa l of H ol d ga h became grand hierarch of D ga h	
ldan. Dvan phyng rab-brtan of Gnas gsar was born. Bsod	
nams rgyamtsho became the abbot of the Sera monastery.	1557
Dkon- m chhog r gya- m tsho of Sre (Hre) r gyu d monastery	
was born. Bdag Chhen Bsod dvan was born. Khri-pa Chhos	
Grags bssan-po died.	1558
Rje drun Sesrab dvan-po of Rgyan Sod held the abbot-	
ship of Chhab-mdo.	155 9
Khri-pa Tshul Khrims Chhos hphel was born.	1560
Thub-dvan bstan hdsin of Sgampo died.	1561
Shva lu Locháva Rin-bssan died. Rnam Bkra of Stag lun	
diad	1562



The incarnate Lama Sans rgya chhos hdsin was born. Bsod nams rgya-mtsho took the final vows of monkhood. Dge- hdrun bstan dar became the grand hierarch of Dgah ldan. Tshe brtan Rdorje pha gus of Gtsan became master of the province of Gtsan. Panchhen Blo-bssan Don Grub died. Sesrab Phun-tshogs of Rgyara was born. Gtsug-lag hphren- va died. Kun dgah Grol Chog died. Hphags-pa Sans rgyas died.	1563 1564
Panchhen Rnam tharma Blo-bssan Don Grub died.	1565
CYCLE X.	
The third incarnation of Hphags-pa Lha, named Mthoñva don ldan bsod nams rnam rgyal dvañ po hi sde, was born. The eighteenth Ming emperor Hwañ-ti ling Chhing ascended the throne of China. Khri Dge legs dpal died. Tshar-Chhen blo	
gsal died. The third Dpah-vo Karma Stsug lag rgya-mtsho was born. Tshe-rten rgya mtsho became grand hierarch of Dgah ldan.	1566
Khri Dge hdun bstan dar died.	1567
Chhos rgyan of the G nas rñifi monastery became abbot of B kra śis lhunpo.	1568
The fourth Panchhen (Taśi Lama) Blo bssan Chhos kyi rgyal mtshan was born Ser dvan became abbot of Chhah mdo for the second time. A dispute between Hbri Gun and Stag lun took place.	1569
According to his biography Panchhen Blo bssan Chhos	1000
rgyal mtshan was born in this year. Sgampo Khri-pa Bkra Sis kun Grags was born. Mkhanpo	1570
Nag dvan Chhos Grags was born. At Skyid Son the Phag-gru dispute took place. Sems dpah sprul sku Grags rgyan died. Khri Dkon mchhog Chhos hphel of Glin Smad was born. The third embodiment of Sems dpal sprul sku Nag dvan Chhos rgya mtsho was born.	1571
The fourteenth Ming emperor Wan li Sin kya ascended the throne of China.	1572
Sar-va nam rgyan-pa governed Rgyud stod. Talai Lama Bsod nams rgya-mtsho founded on Potala the monastery of Rnam rgyal Grva-tshan which afterwards was converted into a	
Rnifi ma institution. Gsal khan sprul sku Chhos rgyan, who was an incarnation of Khri Dnag-dvan Chhos Grags, was born. Lama Táránátha Kun Snin of the Jonan school was born. Byam-rgyam became	1573

the grand hierarch of Dgah ldan. The armies of Rin spun,	
after invading Dvus, returned to Gtsafi.	1574
Khri Tshe brtan rgya-mtsho died. Talai Lama Bsod nams	1176
rgya-mtsho proceeded to Mongolia.	1576
Bstan Adsin phun tshogs of Mgar dam was born. The	
monastery of Sku-hbum (Kumbum) was founded at the birth- place of Tson-khapa. Althan Khan received the Talai Lama	
Bsod nams rgya-mtsho, who in the following year founded the	
monastery of Theg Chhen Chhos hkhor gliñ.	1577
Baso Lha dvan became abbot of Chhab mdo. According to	10
the directions of the Talai Lama Bsod nams rgya-mtsho, the in-	
carnate Lama Bsod nams ye dvan founded the monastery of	
Thub-chhen Chhos hkhor of Sbom hbor in Lithan.	1579
Talai Lama Bsod nams rgya-mtsho visited Chhab mdo.	
Internal disputes raged at Hbrigun.	1580
Sans rgyas yeses gave the vows of monkhood to Panchhen	
Rinpochhe. Dpal hbyor rgya-mtsho became the grand hierarch	
of Dgah ldan. Guśri Khan of Hor was born.	1581
Dkon m chhog yan lag the Shva- d mar Lama died.	1582
The sixth Shva-dmar Lama, named Gar dvan Chhos kyi dvan	
phyug, was born.	1583
The abbot of Stag lun, named Nag dvan rnam rgya, became	
abbot in the 15th year of his age.	1584
Mkhas grub Hphags-pa Sakya lha dvan was born.	1585
Sgam-po Bkraśis rnam rgyał died. Bod mkhar Don-grub	1100
died.	1586
Hjam dvyans rgya-mtsho and Rgyal-va rgya-mtsho of Stod skor were born. Talai Lama Bsod nams rgya-mtsho died.	1587
The fourth Talai Lama Yon-tan rgya-mtsho was born in	1001
Mongolia. The Dgah ldan abbotship was held by Dam-chhos	
of D pal h bar, and the R gyu d s ma d hierarchical chair was filled	
by R nam r gyal d pal b ssafi.	1588
Blo bssan rgya-mtsho, the physician of Glin Stod in Gsan-	
phu, was born. Khri Byams rgya-mtsho died. Mkhas Grub	
Sans rgyas Yeses of Dven-sa died.	1589
$D_{\text{ge-}h\text{dun }b\text{ssa\^{n}}}$ $r_{\text{gya-}m\text{tsho}}$, the incarnation of Khri Byams,	
was born. Blo bssan Nag dvan of Sgo-man was born at Bsam	
grub sgañ.	
The Panchhen Rinpochhe took the final vows of monkhood.	1590
Yeses rgya-mtsho, the first incarnation of Sans rgyas Yeses	
of Dven-sa, was born. Sar-va Nam rgyan of Rgyud Stod died.	
The incarnate Lama Bsod nams ye dvan died.	1591



7,000	
The Hbrug-pa Lama Dpag bsam dvan-po was born. Bsod nams dge-legs, the second incarnation of Bsod nams Grags-pa, was born. Hphags-pa mthon-va-don ldan held	1592
the abbotship of Chhab-mdo. Guśri of Hor overrun Mgo dkar. Blo mChhog rdorje of Sman luñ was born. Dpon (Gover-	1593
nor) Bsod nams Chhos hphel, also called Rab brtan, was born. Da-yan Khan, son of Guśri Khan, was born. Sans rgyas	1594
Rinchhen filled the grand hierarchical throne of Dgah ldan. Kun dgah bsod nams the Bdag chhen (hierarch) of Saskya	1595
was born.	1596
Khri Dpal hbyor rgya-mtsho died. Khri Dam chhos dpal hbar died. The abbot of Sgampo, Bkra śis Kun grags, died.	
Kun bkra of Stag lun died. The Panchhen ascended the throne of Bkra sis-lhunpo.	1598
Mkhan chhen nam rgyan died.	1599
Chhos hbyor rgya-mtsho, the incarnation of Khri dpal rgyam, was born at Than-rin. Karma Dvan phyug rdorje died.	1600
Khri Nam dag rdorje blo bssan don yod was born. Dkon mchhog yar hphel of the Sre rgyud-pa monastery was born. Bsod nams mchhog grub of Shvalu was born. Rnam rgyal dpal bssan of Rgyud smad died. Mkhan-po Bsod nams mchhog grub was born. Nag rgyan became grand hierarch of Dgah ldan. The Talai Lama Yontan	1601
rgya-mtsho was brought to Tibet from Hor, and being given the vows of monkhood by the retired hierarch of Dgah-ldan, presided over the monasteries of Hbras spuñ and Sera. The tenth Karma hierarch Chhos dvyins rdorje was born.	1602
Chhos dvyins ran Grol, the Rnin-ma Lama, was born. Rgyal sras Don rgyan-pa founded the Dgon-lun monastery of Amdo. Sems dpah Nag dvan Grags rgyan died. Yeses rgya- mtsho, the incarnate Lama of Dven-sa, died. Baso Lha-dvan died.	
Hphags-pa mthon-va don ldan died. Nag dvan phun-tshogs rnam rgyal, the incarnation of Sems	1603
dpah, was born.	
Blo bssan bstan hdsin rgya-mtsho, the second incarnation of Dven-sa, was born. Chhos kyi rgyal-po rnam Rgyal rgya-	
mtsho, the fourth incarnate Hphags-pa of Khams, was born.	
Baso-Rje-druñ (Lha-dvañ chhos dvan phyug) died. The fort of Skyi-śod sgar was destroyed by the Karma armies. Chhos	
rgyan, the incarnate Sems dpah, died.	1604
Guérí Khan effected a reconciliation between the Oe-loth	

and Khalkha Mongols, who were quarrelling on account of a

question of precedence between the grand hierarchs of Dgah	
ldan and of Ston skor shabs drun named Rje-btsun dam-pa.	
For this service he received the title of Guśri.	1605
The fourth incarnation of Sems dpah Nag dvan phun-	
tshogs rnam rgyal was born. The grand hierarchical throne	
of D gah l dan was filled by Chhos $ ilde{n}$ er, also called B śes g $ ilde{n}$ en	
grags. Khri Dge-1gyan died.	1606
Táránátha wrote his Rgya-gar chhos hbyun "Rise and	
progress of Buddhism in India."	1607
S pa \hat{n} d kar Rinpochhe died.	1607
Dkon-mchhog rgyal mtshan, of the monastery of Sre-rgyud	
near Bkraśis lhunpo, was born. Dam chhos rgya-mtsho of	
Pa-chhe, the teacher of Sumpa, became abbot of Stag-lun. Nag	
dvan rnam rgyal of Stag lun wrote the work, called Chhos-	
hbyun (history of Buddhism).	1608
Bkra-sis grags rgyam of Sgampo was born. Don yod	
chhos kyi rgya mtsho, the incarnation of Rgyal sras, returned	
to Dvus. The armies of Gtsan invaded Dvus and withdrew.	1609
The Grva-tshan monastery of Amdo was founded by Likya	
Ser mchhog.	1610
Hdul-va chhos rje hod rgyam-pa reduced the monastery	
of Sku-hbum into a Gtsan institution. The Karma hierarch	
Phun-tshog rnam rgyal became the lord temporal and spiritual	
of Gtsan. Khri Sans rin died.	1611
The Panchhen Rinpo-chhe presided over the Monlam	
chhenpo (prayer congregation) of Lhasa between this and the	
year earth-horse.	1612
Talai Lama Yonton rgya-mtsho took the final vows of	
monkhood from the Panchhen Rinpo-chhe.	1613
Blo rgya-mtsho of Stag brag filled the grand hierarch's	
chair of Dgah ldan. Phun-tshogs rnam rgyal of Gro-tshan ka	
rin became abbot of Dgon lun Byams glin. The incarnate Lama	
Bsod nams d ge legs d pal died.	1614
Talai Lama Yonton rgya-mtsho died.	1615
Talai Lama Ñag dvañ blo bssañ rgya-mtsho was born.	
The Panchhen Rinpo-chhe became abbot of Hbrags spuñ.	
Bkra-śis Phun-tshogs, also called Lha-pa chhos rje, held	
the abbotship of Dgon lun. Yap Sans rgyas chhos hdsin died.	1616
Khri Byams b kra was born. The incarnate Yap Lama Sans	
ye was born. Dam chhos dpal filled the grand hierarch's chair	
at Dgah ldan. The Gtsan army beseiged Sera and Hbras spun,	
and killed many thousand monks. Khri chhos fier grags died.	
Khri Blo-rgya-mtsho died.	1617

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The third incarnation of Bsod grags, called Grags rgyan of Gssims khan gon-ma, was born. Chhos hbyor rgya-mtsho, the incarnate Lama of Than-rin, died. Bsod nams chhos hphel filled the grand hierarch's chair at Dgah-ldan.	1618
The Mongol and Gtsan armies fought with each other at Rkyan than sgan, where many Tibetans fell. Khri Dam chhos dpal died.	1619
Sumpa slo- d pon-pa chhe-va a second time held the abbotship of D gon luñ. The fifteenth Ming emperor Then-chhi ascended the throne of China. The Mongols defeated the G tsañ armies at R kyañ thañ sgañ, and thereby restored lost	
territories to Dge-grags-pa.	1620
The Mongol Hphrin las lhun-grub, also called Smin grol Nomen khan, was born. Talai Lama Blo bssan rgya-mtsho	1020
became abbot of Hbras spuñ. The Panchhen Rinpochhe erected the golden spire of the shrine of Bchug-chig-shal. Grags rgya-mtsho became the grand hierarch of Dgah ldan. After his death the hierarchical chair was nominally filled by Nag dvañ chhos rgyan.	1621
Khri-Tshul Khrims chhos-hphel died.	1622
Talai Lama Blo bssan rgya mtsho took the final vows of monkhood.	1609
Dkon mchhog chhos hphel became the grand hierarch of Dgah ldan. Panchhen became the abbot of the Byan rtse college.	1623 1625
CYCLE XI.	
The eighteenth Kulika emperor ascended the throne of	
Sambhala. Hjam-pa chhos rje (Chhos rgya-mtsho-va) became abbot of Dgon lun.	1626
This year a little decrease was observed in the solar brightness, and there being an entire eclipse of the moon, the whole phenomenon was considered as ominous by Dpal lhun of Phabon kha. The sixteenth Ming emperor Khun-tin ascended the throne of China. Dkon-mchhog rgya-mtsho of the Sre rgyud	
monastery died.	1627
Panchhen chhos rgyan built a gilt dome on the monastery of D gah l dan.	1628
Lchaft skya Chhos rje grags-pa hod sser became abbot of	
Dgon-luñ. The monastery of Ron-po was founded by Skal ldan rgya-	1628

mtsho, also called Ron-po grub chhen of Amdo. The Shva dmar Lama Gar-dvan died. Dpah-vo Gtsug lag rgya-mtsho	
died.	1629
The seventh Shva-dmar hierarch was born. Khri Chonas-pa was born. Rgya-ra S'esrab Phun-tshogs	1630
died.	1631
Sumpa Slo-dpon-pa Dam-chhos rgyal mtshan became abbot	
of Dgon-luñ.	1632
The incarnation of Sgampo, called Nor rgyan, died.	1002
Khri Blo gros rg ya-mtsho was born. Blo bssan bstanpahi	
•	1004
rgyal mtshan was born.	1634
Sgampo B kra śis grags r gyam died.	1635
Ldan-ma smon lam rab hbyor-pa (Tshul-khrims rgya-	
mtsho) became abbot of Dgon-lun. Guśri chhos rgyal entered	
Kokonur, and defeating the armies of the Khalkha tribes who	
were inimical to the Dgelug-pa school, proceeded towards Dvus,	
from which place he returned to Kokonur.	1636
$oldsymbol{H}$ khon-ston d pa $oldsymbol{l}$ lhun died.	
Bstan hdsin legs bsad of Kon-po became hierarch of Dgah.	
Idan, but he could not long hold the office and was obliged to	
resign it. Rje-Dge rin succeeded him. The Talai Lama and	
the incarnation of Gssim khan Gonma took the special vows of	
Smad hdul dge slon from Panchhen thams chad mkhyen-pa.	1637
Nag-dvan betan Hdsin Hphrin las (Skyid son shabs drun)	
was born. Rnam rgyal dpal hbyor (Chhos-bssañ sku goñ-ma)	
became abbot of Dgon-lun. Guśri chhos rgyal subdued Beri,	
the chief of Khams, and annexed his possessions.	1638
S'akya lha dvan wrote the historical work, called Chhos	1000
Hbyun. King Beri of Khams, being a follower of the Bon	
religion, was declared a common enemy of the Buddhist reli-	1.000
gion. He was thrown into prison and punished with death.	1639
Mkhan-po Nag dvan chhos grags died.	1640
L chań skya $\hat{\mathbf{N}}$ ag d vań chho s l dan d pa l b ssań-po was born.	
H phags shi-va b ssa \hat{n} -po, in the 44th year of his age, became	
abbot of Chhab mdo. Guśri khan entered Gtsan and captured	
the king of Gtsan and annexed Gtsan kon to his dominions.	
He was proclaimed king of Tibet. The governor B sod nams	
chhos phel became regent.	1641
Blo-bssan bstan hdsin Hphrin-las of Khalkha was born.	
Bstan-pa rgyal-mtshan of Dvags-po became hierarch of	
Dgah-ldan.	1642
Hphags-pi chhos rgyal died.	



Rgyal-va rgya-mtsho, the fifth incarnate Hphags-pa of	
Khams, was born. Six great nobles of China conspired against	
the emperor Khrun tin, and their leader usurped the imperial	
authority for a fortnight, after which the Manchu chief Sun-t'i	
	1643
The famous palace of Potala was built.	1644
The monastery of Ma-mgur in Amdo was founded by	
Lamo sprul sku Blo-gros rgya-mtsho and Hod sser bkra sis.	
Khri dkon mchhog-chhos hphel died.	1645
Khri Dvags po died.	1646
The spiritual teacher of the author (Sumpa mkhanpo),	
named Hjam dvyans-bshad-pa (Nag-dvan brtson grus), was born.	
Dkon-mchhog chhos bssan filled the hierarchical throne of Dgah	
ldan. Hor Don grub rgya-mtsho became abbot of Dgon-lufi.	1647
The abbot of Sgo-man, named Bsam grub Sgan-pa Nag	
dvan blo bssan dvyin chhos, became abbot of Dgon-lun. He	
afterwards accepted the abbotship of Rva-sgren in Dvus, in	
consequence of which Don you rgyal mtshan of Hor dun	
succeeded him in the Dgon lun abbotship.	1649
Legs rgya-mtsho established a Tantrik school in the	
monastery of Sku-hbum. The monastery of Dgah ldan Dam	
chlos glin of Btsan-po was founded by the retired abbot of	
Dgon lun at Sser khog.	1650
The Talai Lama visited China (Peking), and was there de-	
corated with the insignia of Tai Sri by the emperor Shun-t'i.	1651
The Sde-srid (viceroy) Sansrgyas rgya-mtsho was born.	
Hod Sser Bkra sis held the abbotship of Dgon lun. The Talai	
Lama, on his return journey from China, visited the monasteries	
of Dgon-lun, &c.	1652
Dpal l dan r gyal m tshan filled the chair of the grand hierarch	
at Dgah ldan.	
Guśri khan died.	1653
Emperor Khang-shi (Bde-skyid), known to the Tibetans	
as an incarnation of Grags rgyal mtshan, was born. Sakya Lha	1654
Dvan died.	
Tharpa Chhos rje (Bkra sis rgyal mtshan) became abbot of	
Dgon-lun.	
The Rñin-ma Lama (Ssur-chhos dvyins Ran-grol) died.	1656
Guśri's son Ta-yan khan became king of Tibet. Hphrin	
las rgya-mtsho became Sde-srid (viceroy).	1659
Don-yod chhos grags of Lu-hukya became abbot of Dgon-	
lu6	1660

B lo- b ssa \hat{n} r gya l - m tshan filled the throne of D ga h l dan. The second Manchu emperor Kang-shi (S hi \hat{n} -tsu) ascended	
the throne of China. Panchhen Blo-bssan chhos rgyan died at	
Nag-ssla.	1661
The fifth Panchhen Rinpochhe (Blo-bssan yeses dpal bssan),	
who was Sumpa m khanpás spiritual guide, was born. Sgo-	
mañ B sam grub s gañ-pa died.	1662
The incarnation of Rgyal sres, named Blo bssan bstan hdsin,	
arrived at Dgon-luft. The abbotship of Dgon-luft was held by	
Dpal ldan rgya-mtsho of Bde rgyu-chha-va. Hor Dkah bchu,	
being invested with the title of No-men khan, returned to Btsan	
dgon from Dvus and established Hchhad nan. The period of	
Tshul khrim (síla) commenced.	1664
Nag dvan Hphrin las, who was born in the fire-sheep year,	
and who had previously filled the abbotship of Chhab-mdo, died	
this year. Sprul sku grags rgyan died.	1666
Blo-bssan Don yod filled the hierarch's chair at Dgah ldan.	
Ta-yan khan died. The Sde srid (viceroy) Hphrin las died.	1667
Mchhod dpon sde-ba became Sde-srid (viceroy).	1668
Talai khan Ratna became king of Tibet. Blo-mchhog of	1000
Sman-lun died.	1670
Thu- b kwan chhos- r je (B lo- b ssafi rab br tan) became abbot	10.0
of Dgon-lun. Khri Blo-bssan rgyal mtshan died.	1671
Khri-dkon-mchlog chlos bssañ died.	1672
Karma chhos Dvyins rdorje died.	1673
Byams pa B kra sis filled the hierarch's chair of D gah l dan.	1075
Likya Dpon slob Blo-bssan rgyal mtshan became abbot of	
Dgon-luñ. Blo-bssañ sbyin-pa became viceroy of Tibet.	1674
Nag dvan Blo-bssan rgya-mtsho took the vows of the Stod	1014
hdul Dgeslon of Tibet for individual emancipation.	1676
Khri Blo-bssan of Don yod died.	1677
	1011
The layman Sans rgya-mtsho, who was born in Gron-smad,	1678
became viceroy of Tibet.	1075
The abbotship of Dgon-lun was held by Rinpochhe Bstan	
pahi rgyal mtshan (chhu-bssan sprul sku). The monastery of	1679
Lamo Bde-chhen was founded by Chha-kwan Nomen-khan.	1079
A long tailed comet was seen from Mnah ri. Shvalu Bsod	1600
name died.	1680
Klu-hbum rgya-mtsho became hierarch of Dgah-ldan. A	
fearful earthquake took place in Tibet. The Talai Lama died.	
Dkon-mchhog yar hphel of Sre-rgyud died. Bstan hdsin	1681
halin las of Skyid shod died.	TOOL

The Talai Lama Tshafis d vyans r gya- m tsho was born.	
The astronomical work of Sde-srid, called Baidurya dkarpo, was	
compiled.	1682
Khri Byams-pa bkra śis died.	1683
After the return of Blo gros rgya mtsho to China, Tshul	
khrims dar rgyas of Chones became hierarch of Dgah ldan.	1684
Lama Rinpochhe Pad dkar hdsin-pa Yeses rgya-mtsho was	
born. The left branch of the Oeloth Mongols and the Khalkhas,	
being on the verge of going to war with each other, Khri Blo-	
rgya mtsho reconciled them to each other.	1685
CYCLE XII.	
Khri chhen Blo-bssafi rgya mtsho of Lamo of Dgah ldan	
proceeded to Peking.	1686
Lchan skya Tákau Srí Nag dvan Blo bssan became abbot of	
Dgon-lun. Bla-ma Blo-gros rgya-mtsho died at Hbog khog.	1687
Bstan pahi Nima (the Rdorje slo-dpon of Sumpa mkhanpo),	
who was an incarnation of Khri Blo-rgyam, was born.	1688
Rdo.pa Rab Byams-pa (Dpal ldan rgya-mtsho) became	
abbot of Dgon lun.	1689
Bsam-blo sbyin-pa rgya-mtsho of Bkah hgyur became hier-	
arch of Dgah-ldan.	1691
The Bde-rgyu chhuñ-va, named Kun-dgah rgya-mtsho,	
became abbot of D gon-lu $\hat{\mathbf{n}}$.	1692
The Sde-srid (viceroy) Sans rgya rgya-mtsho built the	
nine storeyed palace of worship (Pho draft-dmarpo) of Potala.	
The annual prayer congregation called Tshogs-mchhod Smon	
lam was established by the Sde-srid to commemorate the anniver-	
sary of the accession of the Talai Lama Nag dvan blo bssan.	1693
Chone Tshul-dar became hierarch of D gah- l dan.	1694
Blo-bssan Nag-dvan Hjigs med, an incarnation of Rgyal	
sras Rinpochhe, was born.	1695
The Sde-srid (viceroy) Sans rgyas rgya-mtsho wrote the	
work, called Boiser shva ser chhos hbyuñ, i. e., history of the	
rise of the yellowcap school.	1697
Lama Rinpochhe Ye-rgyam of Mon arrived at Hbras-	200.
spuñ. Chhu bssañ Rinpochhe became abbot of Btsan Dgon	
monastery. Btsan-po Nomen khan died.	1698
Hjam d vyans b sha d r dor became abbot of S go-man.	1699
Don-yod r gya- m tsho became hierarch D gah l dan.	1000
Stag-lun shabs drun Chhos kyi Nima became abbot of	
Dgon-luñ.	1700
~ P. re-vern	4,00

Talai Lama Tshan dvyans rgya-mtsho renounced the vows	
of celibacy and monkhood at Bkra sis lhunpo.	1701
The Sde-srid (viceroy) Sans rgyas rgya-mtsho resigned his	1701
	(1702
Sumpa mkhanpo was born.	1702
	(1703
Pad dkar hdsin-pa was identified as the real incar-	
nation of the Talai Lama. Lha-bssan, the son of Rahá rgyal-po,	
fought with the Sde-srid (viceroy) Sans rgyas rgya-mtsho. The	
latter was killed, and with him four hundred Tibetans were slain.	
Lha-bssan declared himself the absolute monarch of Tibet.	
The Talai Lama Tshan-dvyans rgya-mtsho was ordered to China.	
He died near lake Khokonur.	1704
Pad dkar hdsin-pa Yeses rgya-mtsho was placed on the	
throne of Potala.	1706
The Talai Lama Skal bssafi rgya-mtsho was born.	1707
A great earthquake took place in Tibet.	1708
The new Talai Lama and H jam- d vya $\hat{n}s$ b sha d r dor were in-	
vested with the insignia of an imperial order. Hjam dvyans	
bshad-pa founded the monastery of Bkra sis hkhyil in Amdo.	
At D gon-lu \hat{n} the Dampa g s \hat{u} m (three incarnate Lamas) estab-	
lished the Rgyud Grva (Tantrik school).	1709
Chhu-bssan Rinpo-chhe, a second time, held the abbotship	
of Dgon-lun. Sumpa mkhanpo became a monk of Dgon-lun.	1711
H jam- d $ ext{y}$ a \hat{n} s b sha d -pa wrote the work called H jig-bye d	
chhos hbyuñ. Lchañ skya Ñag dvañ chhos ldan died.	1713
Hjam d vyafis b sha d pa established a Tantrik class at B kra	
sis hkhyil, and wrote a chronology of Buddhist events.	1715
The incarnation of Lchanskya Yeses bstan-pa Sgron-me	
was born.	
The armies of Chungar, or the left branch of the Mongols,	
slew king Lha-bssan.	1716
The Chungar armies sacked the Rnin monasteries of Rnam	
rgyal glin, Rdorje brag, Smin grol glin, &c., and made the	
Dge-lugs-pa church predominant all over Tibet.	1717
Under the command of the emperor of China the Talai	
Lama Bkal-bssafi rgya-mtsho was brought to Tibet from Sku-	
hbun by Thu-bkwan Rinpo-chhe chhos rgya-mtsho and placed	
on the throne of Potala.	
Hbyin rgan became abbot of Bkra sis hkhyil. Hjam-	
dvyans bshad rdor died. The emperor Khang-shi died. The	
third of the Manchu line, called Shin-tsu yun-ting, became	
emperor.	1721

The Oeloth Mongols of Khokonur fought with the imperial forces and were defeated. The Chinese killed upwards of seven hundred monks of all classes, including the abbot of Gser khog dgon, called Chhu-bssañ rinpochhe, and destroyed many religious objects, and burnt down several shrines and congregation halls. They also demolished three great monasteries of Shva-vo khog as well as many hermitages. Many aged monks of Sku-hbum were also killed. Sumpa mkhanpo proceeded to Tibet.

The Chinese, under their generals Kûng and Yo-u the-ü, destroyed the temples and grand congregation halls of the Dgon-lun monastery, and burnt thirteen sets of Bkah-hgyur, and killed many monks. The monasteries of the Hju-lag Sem-ni dgon schools, recluses cells, &c., were destroyed by them. In the autumn the three hermitages of Dgon-lun and Shva-vo khog, and the monasteries of Hju-lag were rebuilt.

Sumpa mkhanpa was appointed abbot of Sgo man.

The nineteenth Kulika Rnam-gnon sen (Vikrama Simha) became emperor of Sambhala. When the demon like ministers (Bkah blon) killed the viceroy (Sde-srid) Shan khan chhenpo who was a devout advocate of Buddhism, Phola Theje Bsod nams Stobs rgyas (king Mivan) returned to Dvus from upper Tibet with troops of Ladag, Mnahri, and Gtsan. He slew upwards of one thousand troops of Dvus and Kon-po, &c., and entirely suppressed the enemies of the Government.

When the Dvus people rose in rebellion, Phola Theje, being reinforced by the Chinese troops, killed the three rebel ministers and removed the Talai Lama to Hkah-dag. Rgyal sres sprul sku became abbot of Hbras spun Blo-gsal glin. Phola Theje became viceroy of Tibet, and was also invested with the title of Chun-van.

Dgon lun, Btsan dgon and other monasteries having been restored to their former condition, the author's predecessor Sum-pa chhos rje Phun-tshogs rnam rgyal and Rbu-chhos rje Blo-bssan dpal became abbots of Dgon lun and Btsan-dgon respectively.

The author (Sumpa mkhanpo) returned to Amdo from Dvus in Tibet.

The author founded the monastery of Bshad sgrub gliñ. The author accepted the abbotship of Bsam-gtan gliñ.

Van chhos rje-grags-pa dpal hbyor became abbot of Dgon lun.

At the command of the emperor of China the Lchafiskya

1722

1723

1725

1726

1727

1728

1730 1732

1733

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Rinpo-chhe brought back the Talai Lama from H gah dag to D vus, and restored peace and prosperity to Tibet and Khams.	
Lchan skya Rinpo-chhe became famous for his excellent	
exposition of the work called Rtan-hbrel stod-pa.	1734
Emperor Yung-ting died and was succeeded by his son	
Chhin-lung.	1735
The incarnate Tha-kwan of Dgon-lun, named Blo-bssan	
chhos kyi Ñima, was born. At the command of the emperor	
the author proceeded to China. Nag dvan rnam rgyal, also	
called Khyun tsha shabs drun, became abbot of Dgon-lun.	1736
A great earthquake took place at the walled city of Nin-	
sa mkhar, near the mountain called Glan-ru, and destroyed the	
city.	1737
Panchhen Blo-bssañ yeses died.	1738
The sixth incarnate Panchhen Dpal ldan yeses was born.	
Bde-rgyu shabs drun (Dge-legs rgyal mtshan) held the abbot-	
ship of Dgon lun.	
Rgyal sras ye grags died.	1739
Blo-bssafi dpal, Idan the incarnation of Rgyal sras, was	
born.	1740
Rgyal tig Rab-hbyams-pa (Blo-bssan don-grub) became	
abbot of Dgon-lun.	1741
A very long comet was observed in Tibet.	1742
The author (Yeses Dpal hbyor), in the forty-third year of	
his age, was called upon to fill the abbotship of the Dgon-lun	
monastery.	1745
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Inscribed Seal of Kumára Gupta.—By V. A. SMITH, Esq., C. S. (With a Plate.)

The first announcement of the discovery of the seal, which forms the subject of this paper, was made by an article entitled "An Archmological Find" in the *Pioneer* newspaper of the 13th May, 1889. The article attracted my attention, and I published certain remarks on it in the issue of the same newspaper for the 28th May, 1889. A few days later Mr. G. J. Nicholls, C. S., Judge of Cawnpore, entered into correspondence with me, and informed me that he was the owner of the seal. He has very kindly allowed me to examine and describe the original.